

# **XII SIMPÓSIO**

**DE CIRURGIA VÍDEO ENDOSCÓPICA DO NOROESTE FLUMINENSE**

**24 e 25 de Agosto de 2017**

**Auditório Hayrton Moreira Bastos -Hospital São José do Avai-Itaperuna - RJ**

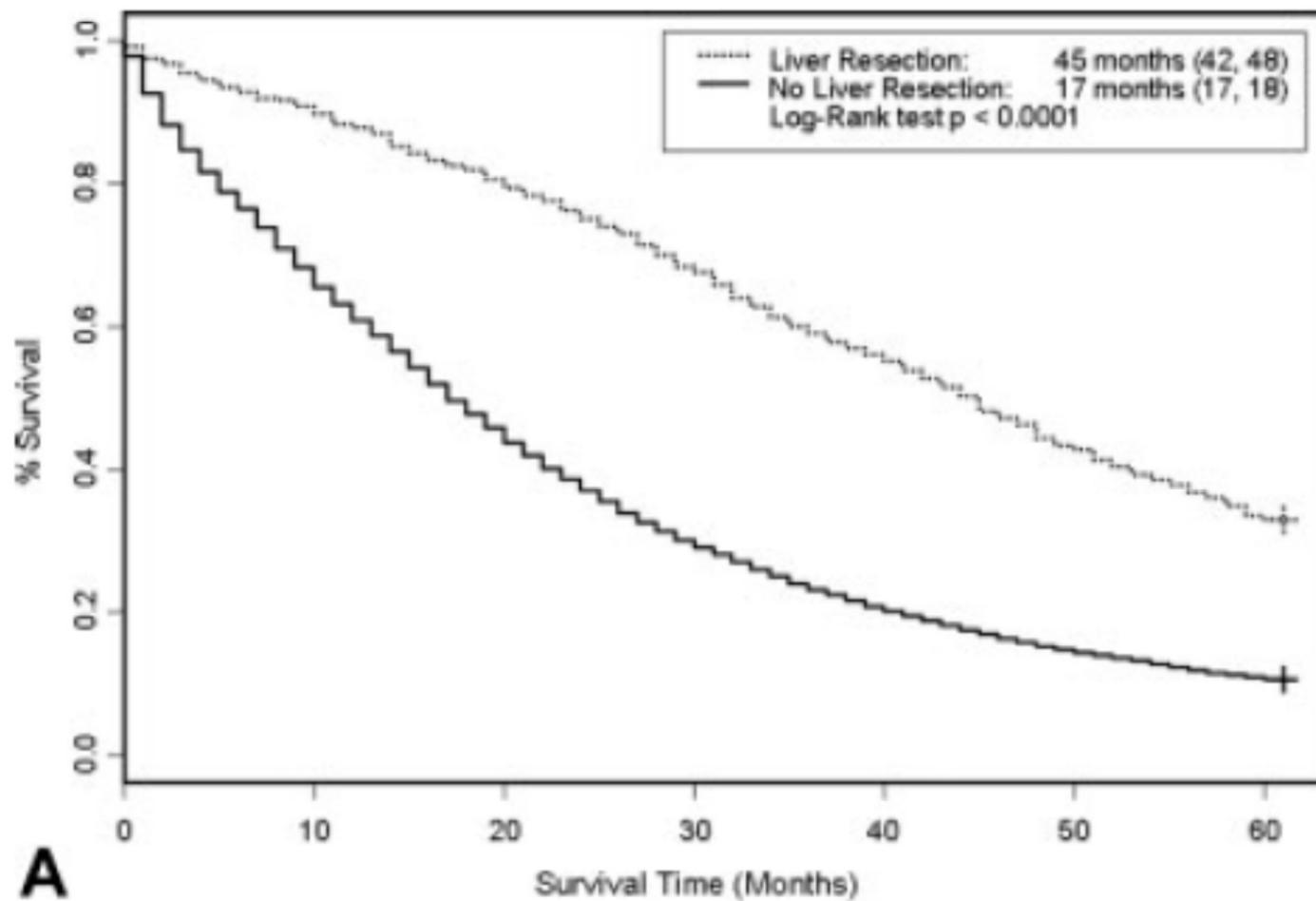
## **Limites da hepatectomia por metástase: ALPPS**

**Orlando Jorge M. Torres**

**Professor Titular**

**Chefe do Serviço de Cirurgia do  
Aparelho Digestivo - UFMA**

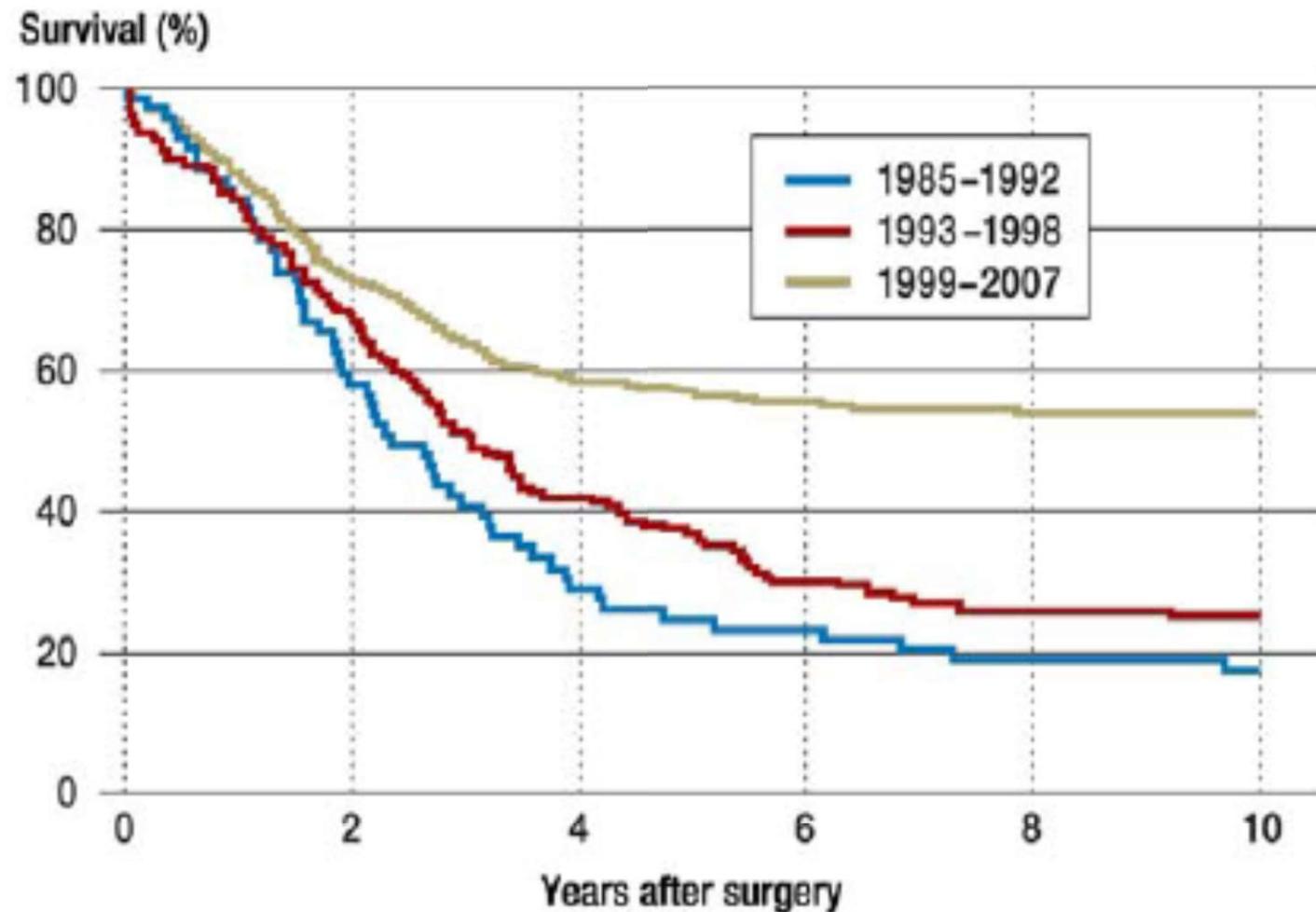
# Ressecção hepática

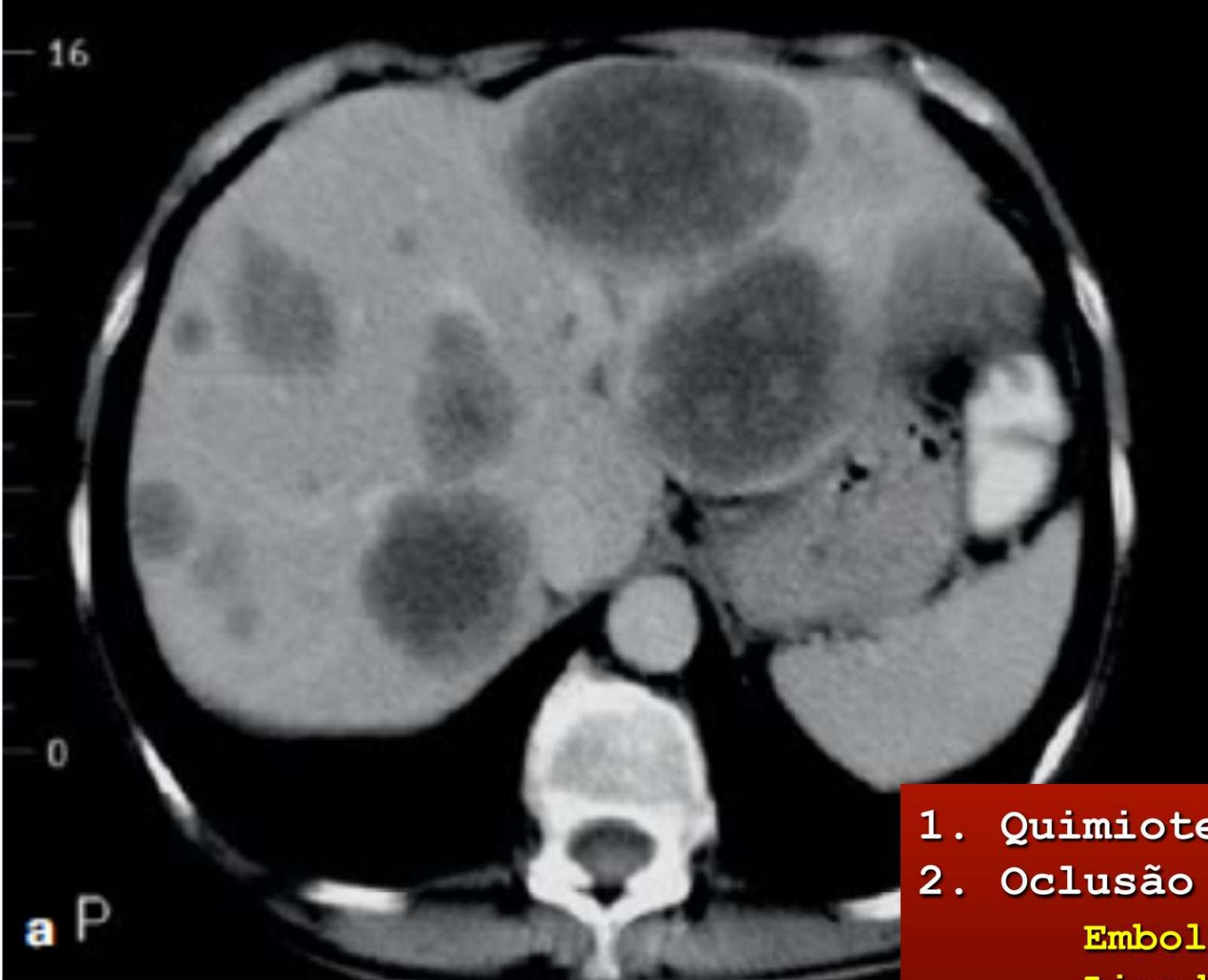


- A ressecção hepática esteve associada com aumento na sobrevida.

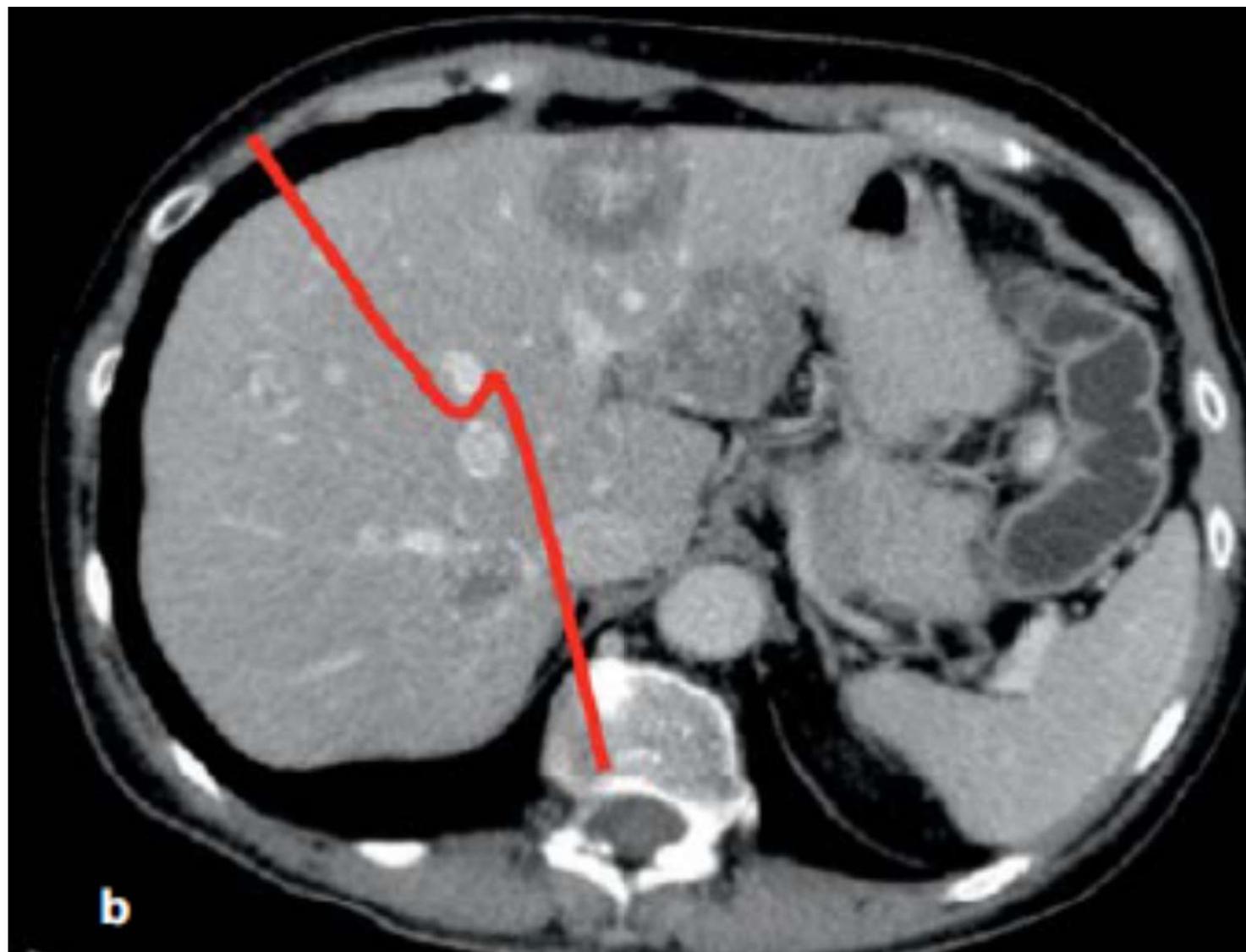
## Resultados em meta colo-retal

FIGURE 2

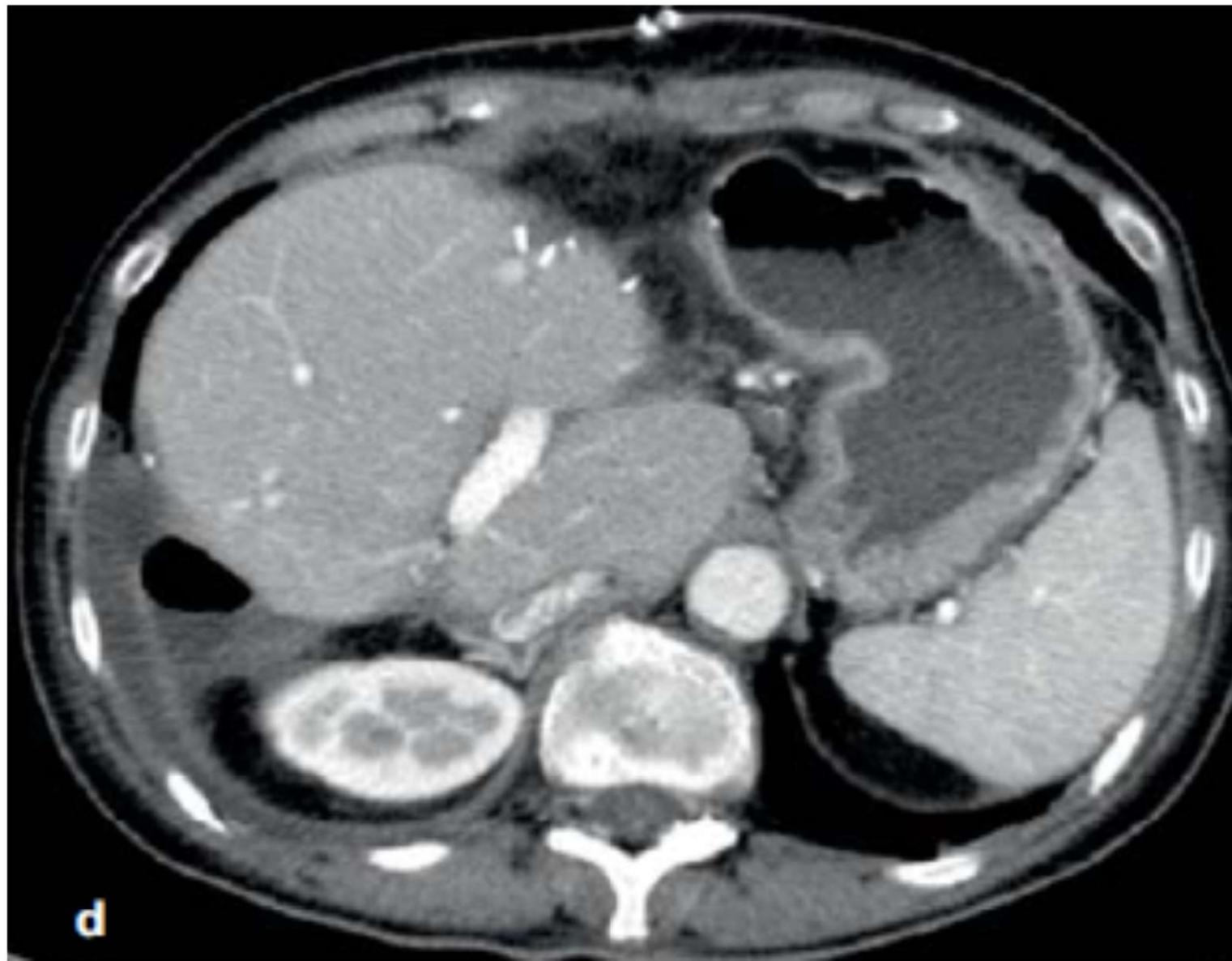


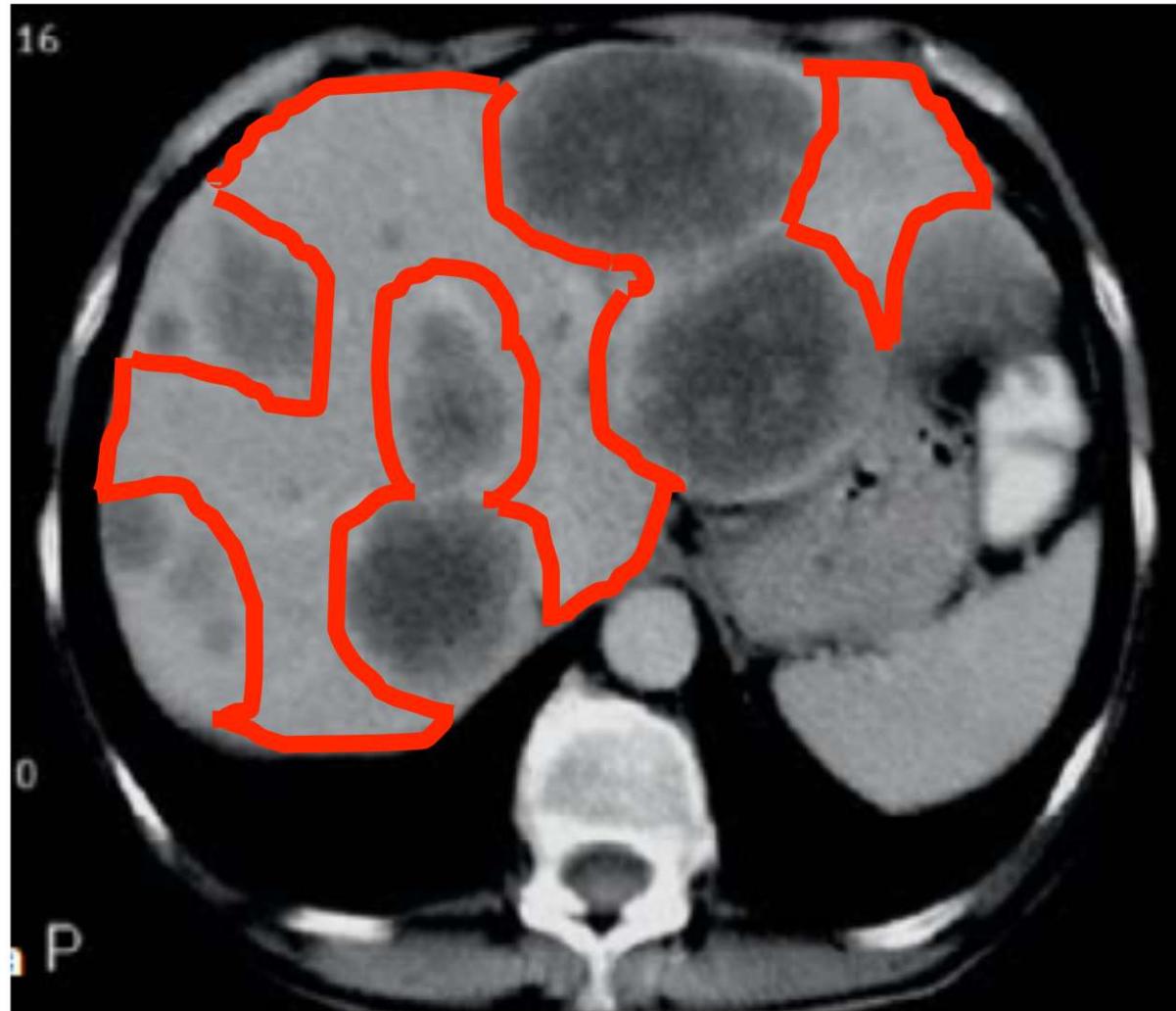


1. Quimioterapia
2. Oclusão da veia porta  
*Embolização*  
*Ligadura*
3. Operações repetidas



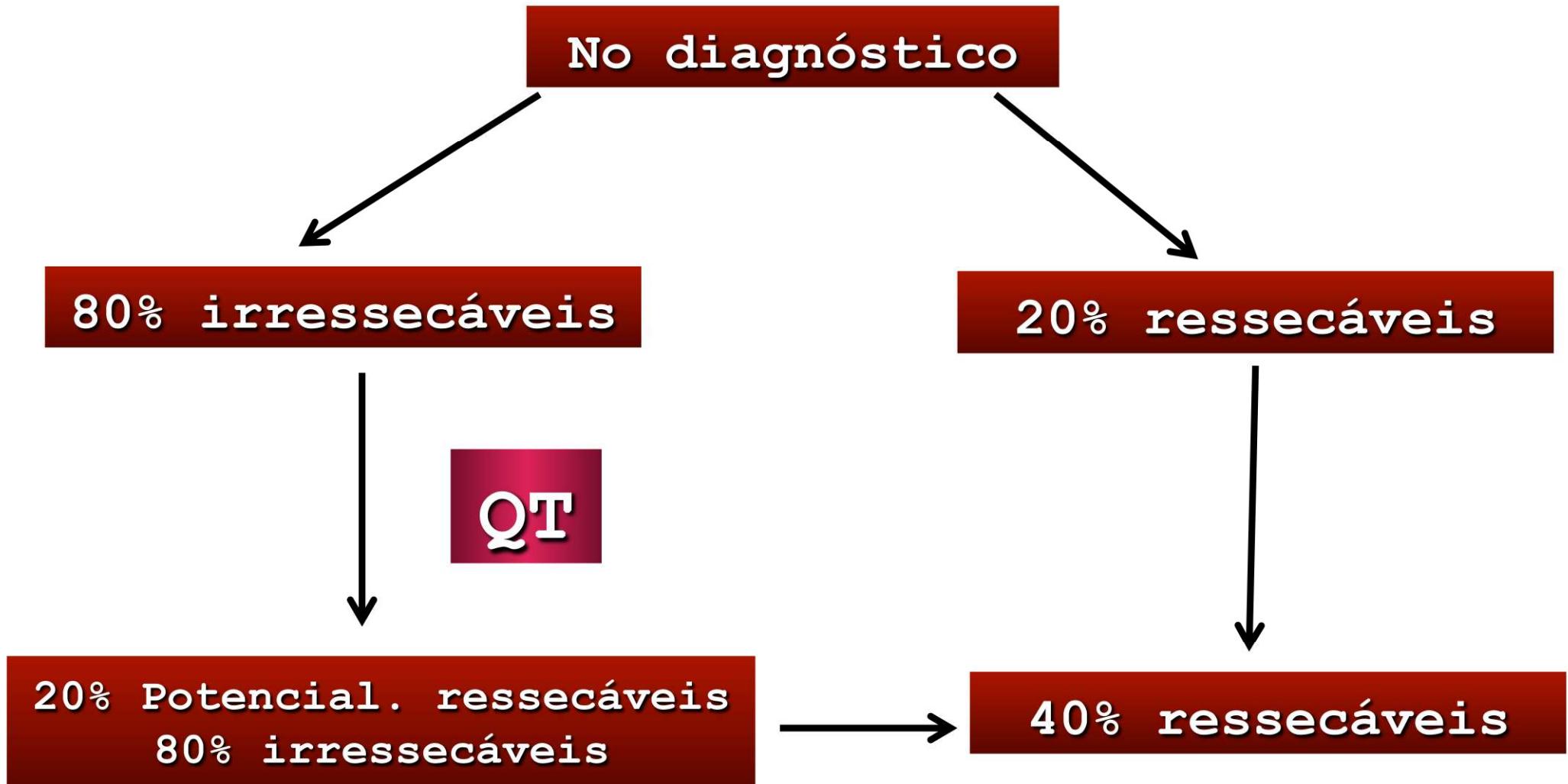


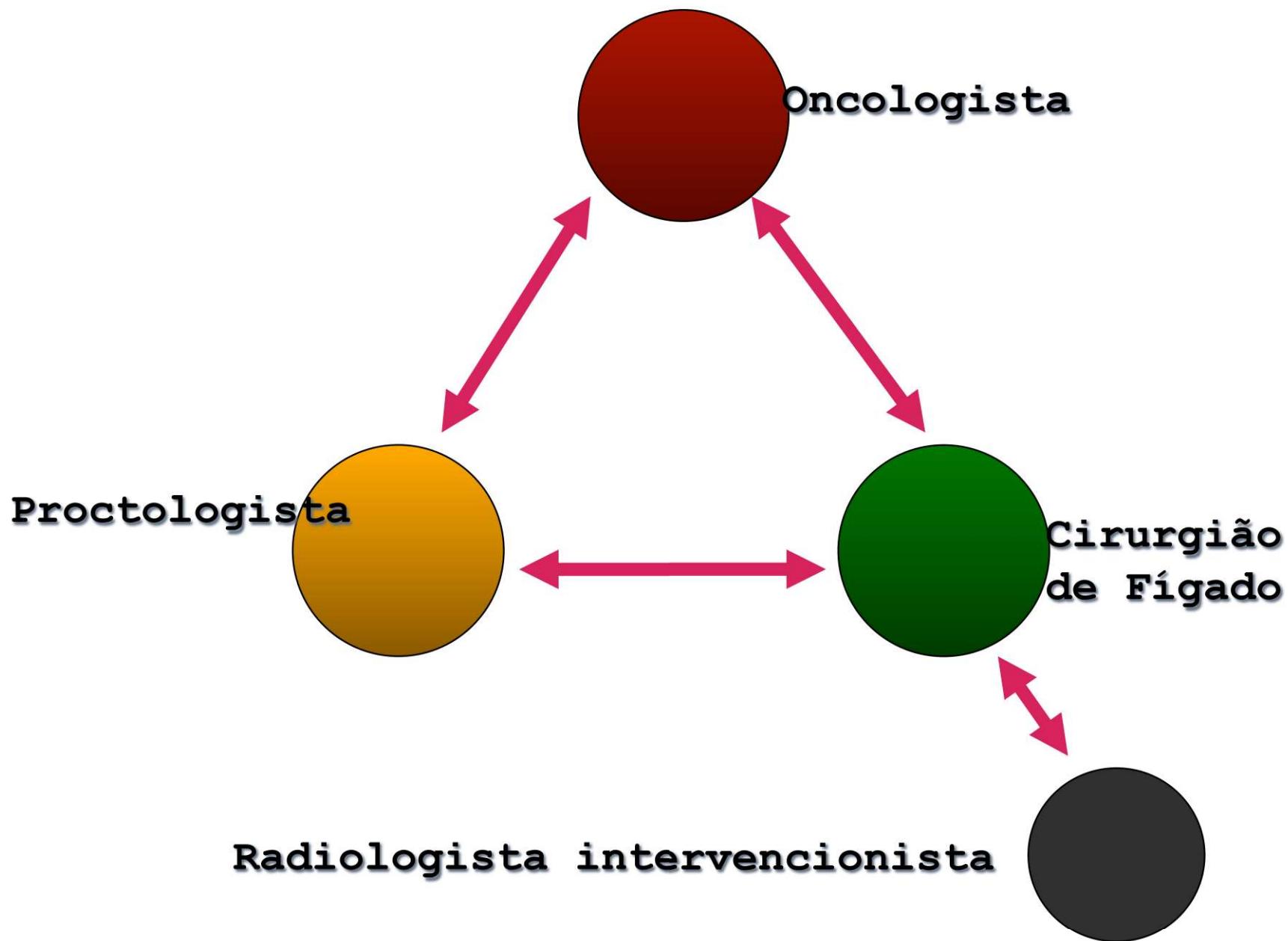




figa... “Ver a vida pelo lado bom” <sup>nor no</sup>  
“Ver a vida pelo lado bom” <sup>mor no</sup>

# Metástase hepática de origem colo-retal

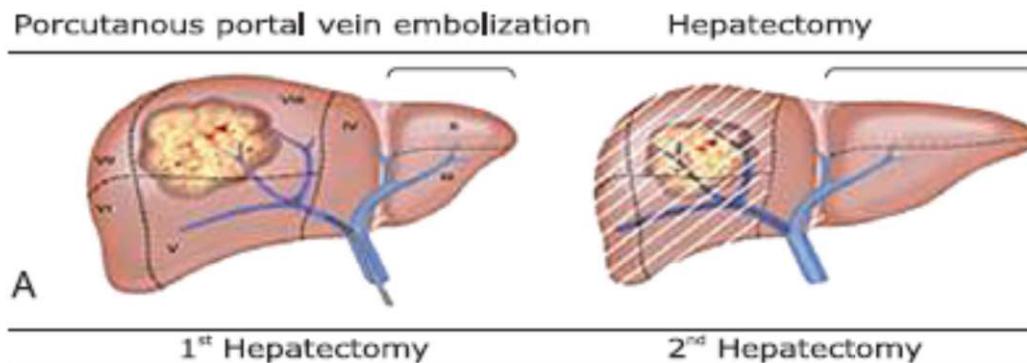




# OPÇÕES DE TRATAMENTO EM META COLO-RETAL SINCRÔNICA

1. COLECTOMIA....QT....HEPATECTOMIA...QT
2. (COLECTOMIA + HEPATECTOMIA) ...QT
3. COLECTOMIA..QT..EMBOLIZACAO PORTA..HEPATECTOMIA..QT
4. COLECTOMIA....QT....HEPATECTOMIA....HEPATECTOMIA....QT
5. COLEC....QT....HEPATEC...EMBOL PORTA...HEPATEC....QT
6. QT....(COLECTOMIA + HEPATECTOMIA) ....QT
7. QT....COLECTOMIA....QT....HEPATECTOMIA....QT
8. QT...COLECTOMIA...EMBOL PORTA....HEPATECTOMIA
9. QT (+ RAD) ...HEPATECTOMIA....QT...COLECTOMIA
10. QT...EMBOL PORTA...HEPATECTOMIA...COLECTOMIA
11. QT...HEPATECTOMIA....HEPATECTOMIA....COLECTOMIA
12. (COLECT + HEPAT 1° EST) + EVP...QT...HEPATEC (2° EST)

Percutaneous portal vein embolization



A

1<sup>st</sup> Hepatectomy

2<sup>nd</sup> Hepatectomy

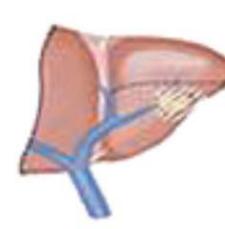
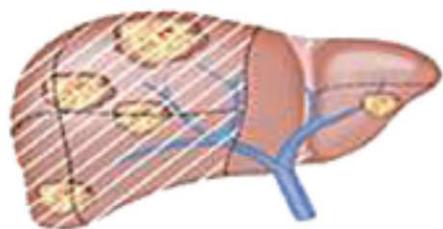
Hepatectomy

Percutaneous embolization

40-50% hypertrophy

Period: 6-12 weeks

B

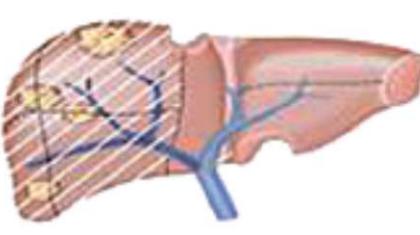
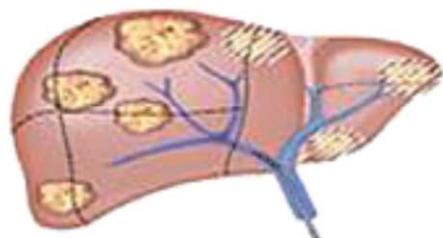


2-staged hepatectomy

30-40% hypertrophy

Period: 6-10 weeks

C

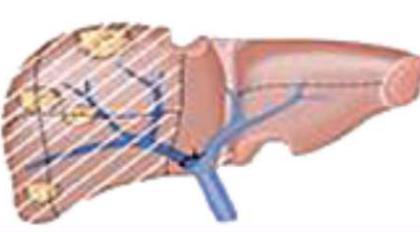
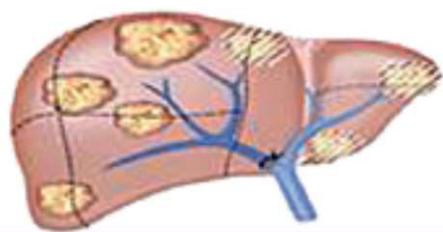


2-staged hepatectomy + portal vein embolization

40-60% hypertrophy

Period: 12-16 weeks

D

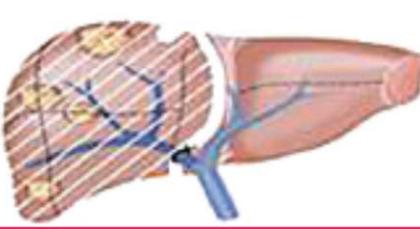
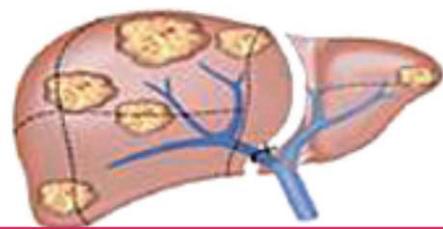


2-staged hepatectomy + portal vein ligation

40-50% hypertrophy

Period: 4-6 weeks

E



ALPPS

80-120% hypertrophy

Period: 1-2 weeks

Ativar o Win  
Acesse Configura  
Windows.

Courtesy Dr. Eduardo de Santibanes (Buenos Aires – Argentina)



---

## EDITORIAL

---

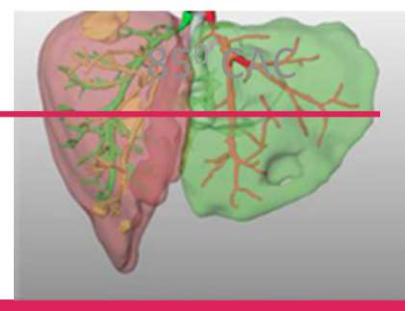
# Playing Play-Doh to Prevent Postoperative Liver Failure

## *The “ALPPS” approach*

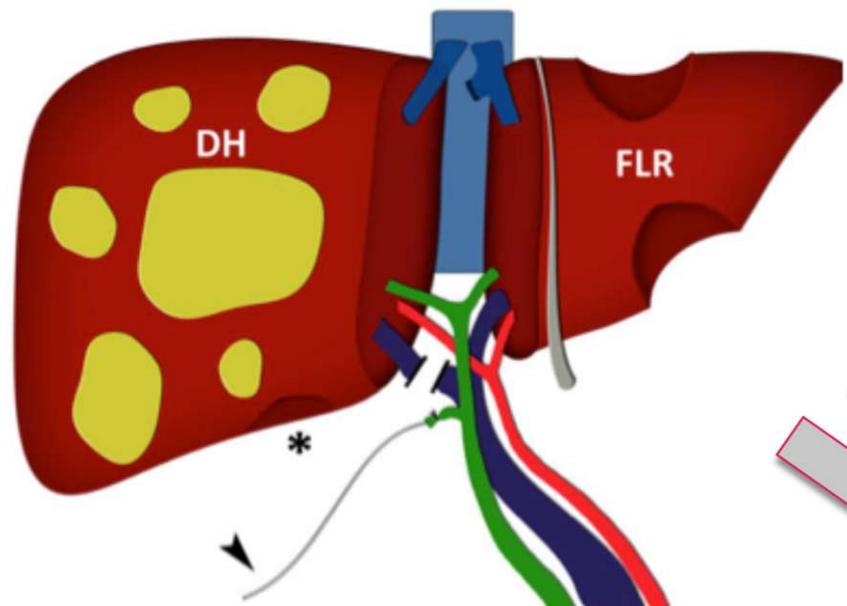
*Eduardo de Santibañes, MD, PhD,\* and Pierre-Alain Clavien, MD, PhD†*

The safe removal of extensive tumor load in the liver has been one of the main focuses of laboratory and clinical research for hepato-biliary surgeons over the past 3 decades.<sup>1</sup> The first breakthrough is credited to Masatoshi Makuuchi, who in 1980s, introduced the concept of the portal vein embolization (PVE) of the right portal branch to induce hypertrophy of the left side of the liver, enabling a safer removal of large or multiple tumors, mostly located in the right hemiliver and segment IV/2. This technique was rapidly adopted by many to prevent liver failure after a variety of extensive

**ALPPS**

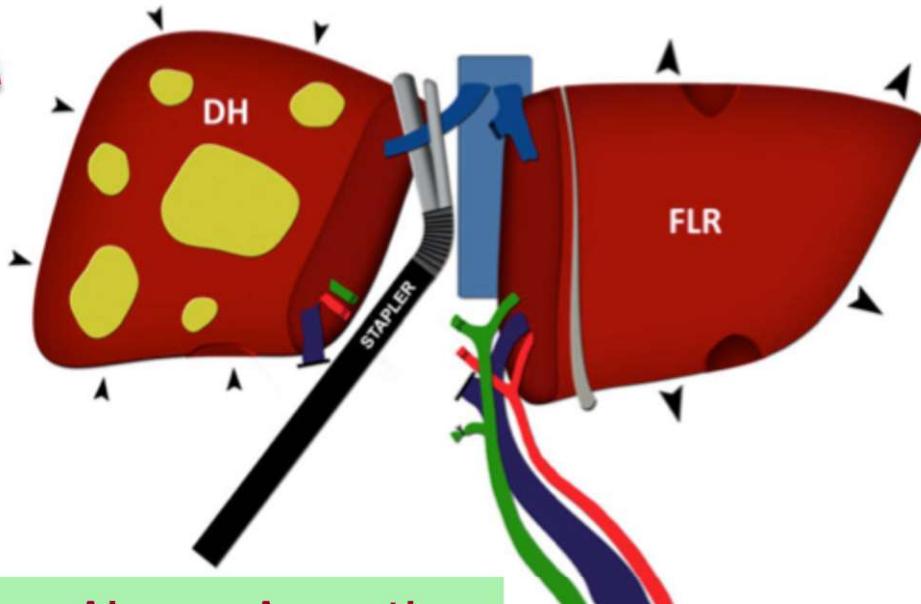


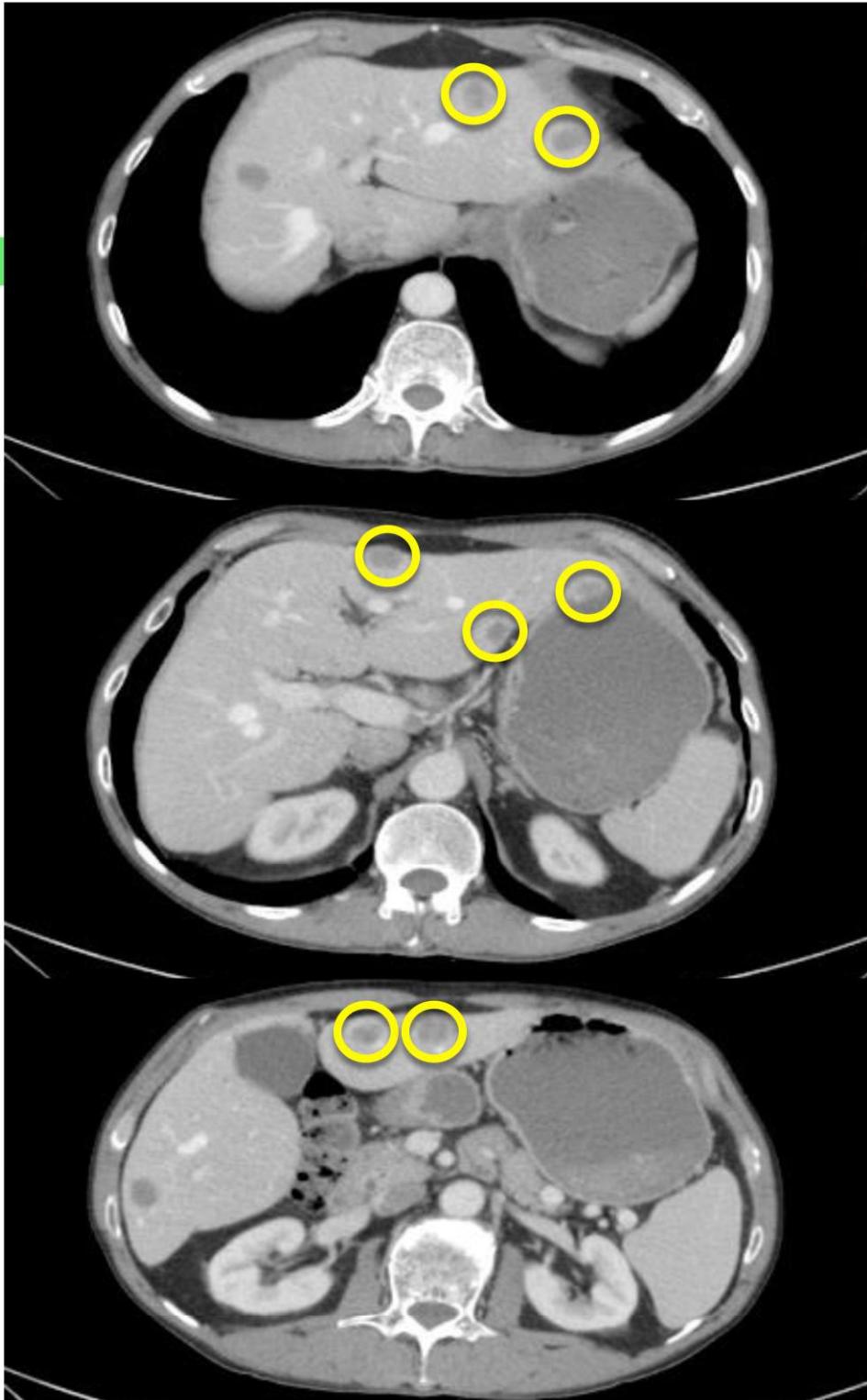
# Aspectos técnicos



Limpieza del HR

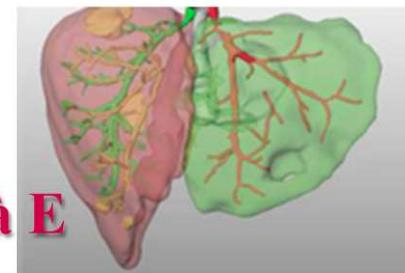
7-9 días





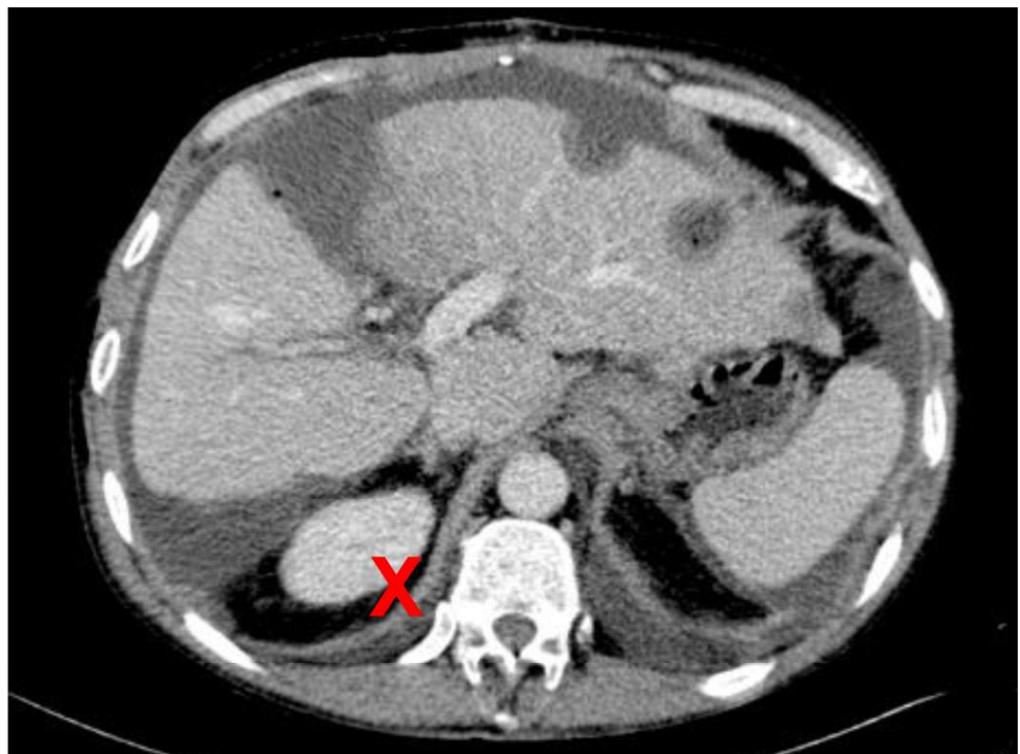
□ 1º Tempo

Ressecção lesões à E



Ligadura da veia porta D

Transecção do parênquima



Serviço de Cirurgia do Fígado HC/FMUSP

\*Cortesia Prof. Paulo Herman

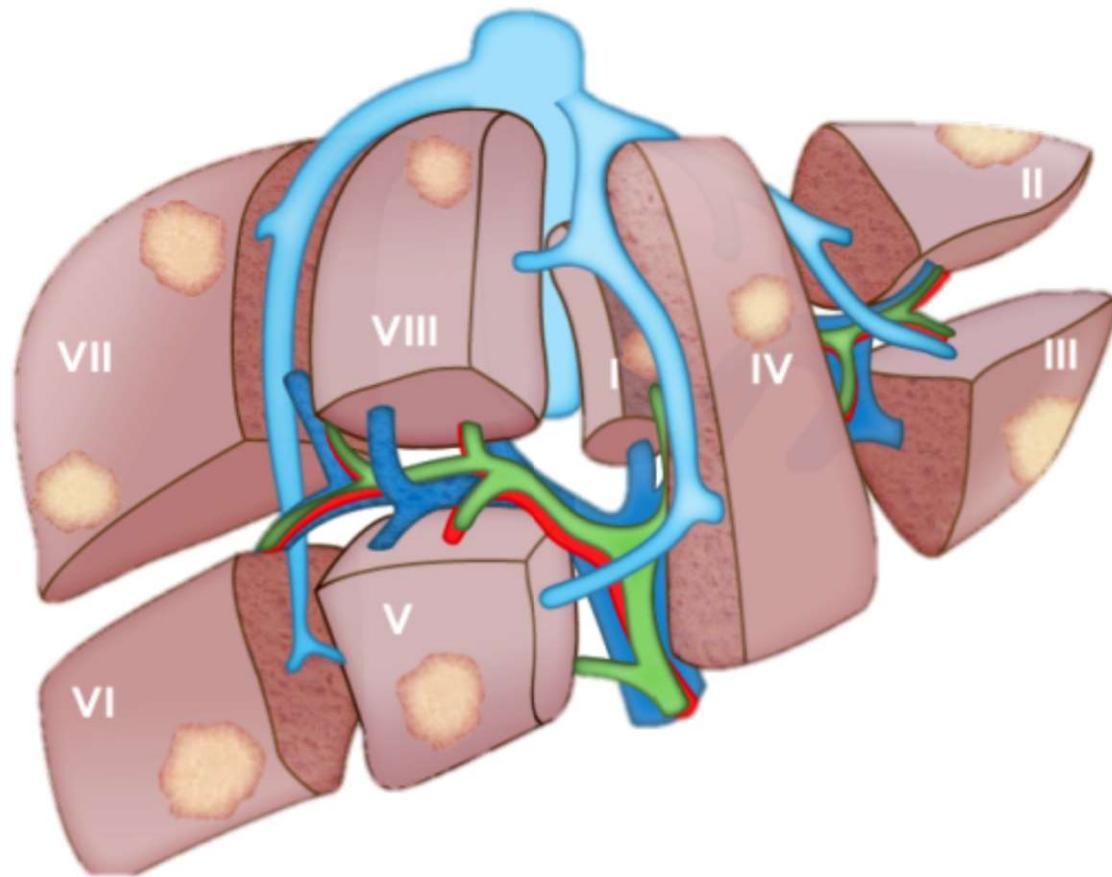
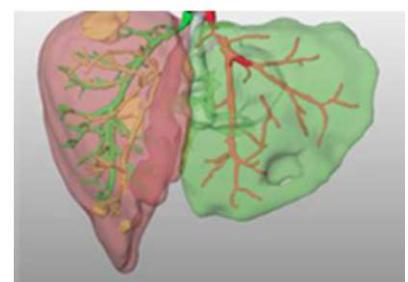
**Table 1.** Surgical outcomes of ALPPS

Studies	n	Overall morbidity (%)	Overall mortality (%)	Success complete resection (%)	Interval (d, mean/median)	FLR regeneration rate (%), mean/median	R0 resection (%)
Schnitzbauer et al (2012) <sup>[3]</sup>	25	68	12	100	9	74	96
Sala et al (2012) <sup>[9]</sup>	10	40	0	100	7	82	100
<b>Torres et al (2013)<sup>[10]</sup></b>	<b>39</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>100</b>
Li et al (2013) <sup>[11]</sup>	9	66	22	100	13	87	100
Ielpo et al (2013) <sup>[12]</sup>	6	50	17	100	15	110	/
Troja et al (2014) <sup>[13]</sup>	5	100	20	100	16.4	/	100
Oldhafer et al (2014) <sup>[14]</sup>	7	86	0	100	13	65	100
Nadalin et al (2014) <sup>[15]</sup>	15	67	29	100	13	87	87
Robles et al (2014) <sup>[16]</sup>	22	63	9	100	7	61	100
Schadde et al (2014) <sup>[17]</sup>	202	>grade 3a: 40 >grade 3b: 28	9	98	10	86	91
Kremer et al (2015) <sup>[18]</sup>	19	68	16	100	8	74	100
Hernandez-Alejandro et al (2015) <sup>[19]</sup>	14	36	0	100	8	93	86
Truant et al (2015) <sup>[20]</sup>	62	80.6	12.9	95	8	48	/
Alvarez et al (2015) <sup>[21]</sup>	30	53	6.6	97	6	89.7	93.1
Lang et al (2015) <sup>[22]</sup>	16	64	12.5	100	9	86	100
Vivarelli (2015) <sup>[23]</sup>	9	66.7	11.1	96	10.8	96	/
Chan et al (2016) <sup>[24]</sup>	13	15.3	7.7	100	8	53	100
Røsok et al (2016) <sup>[25]</sup>	36	92	0	100	6	67	71
Serenari et al (2016) <sup>[26]</sup>	50	54	20	96	/	/	/
Björnsson et al (2016) <sup>[27]</sup>	10	100	0	100	8	64.2	90

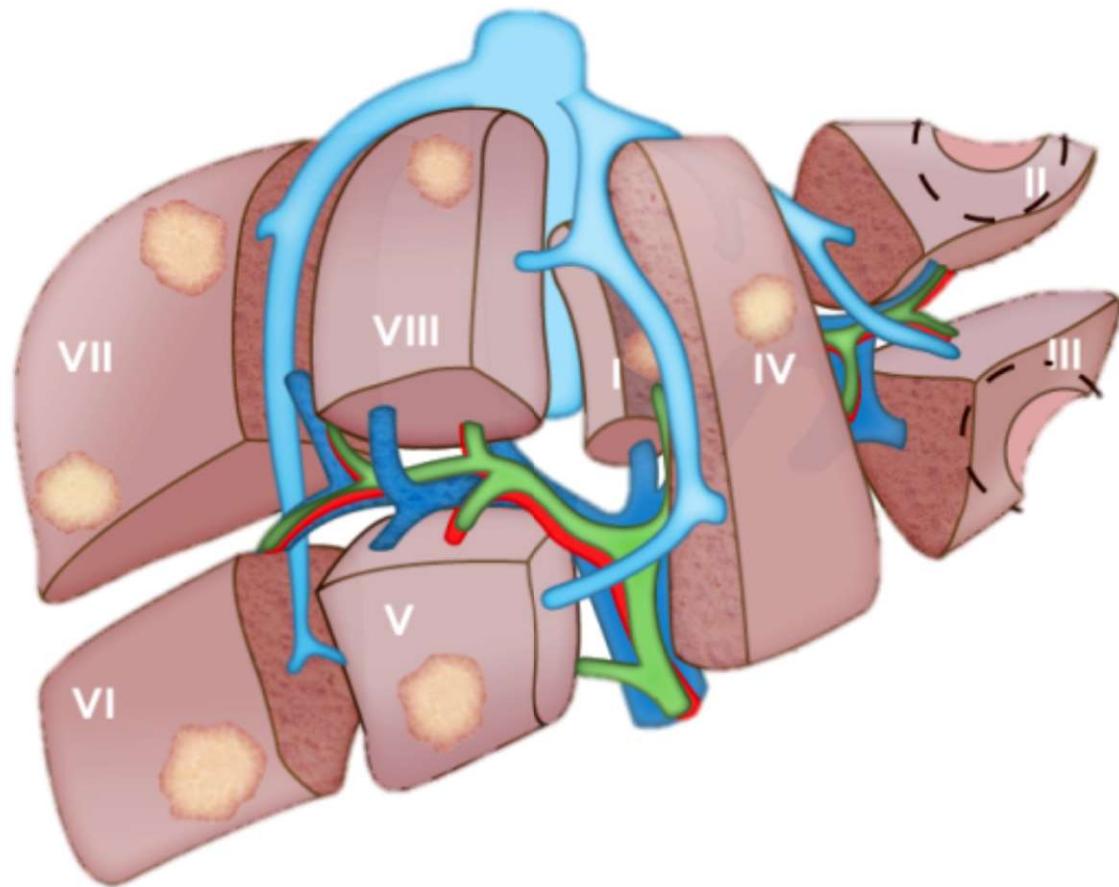
FLR: future liver remnant; ALPPS: associating liver partition and portal vein ligation for staged hepatectomy.

Ativar o Windows  
Acesse Configurações para a  
Windows

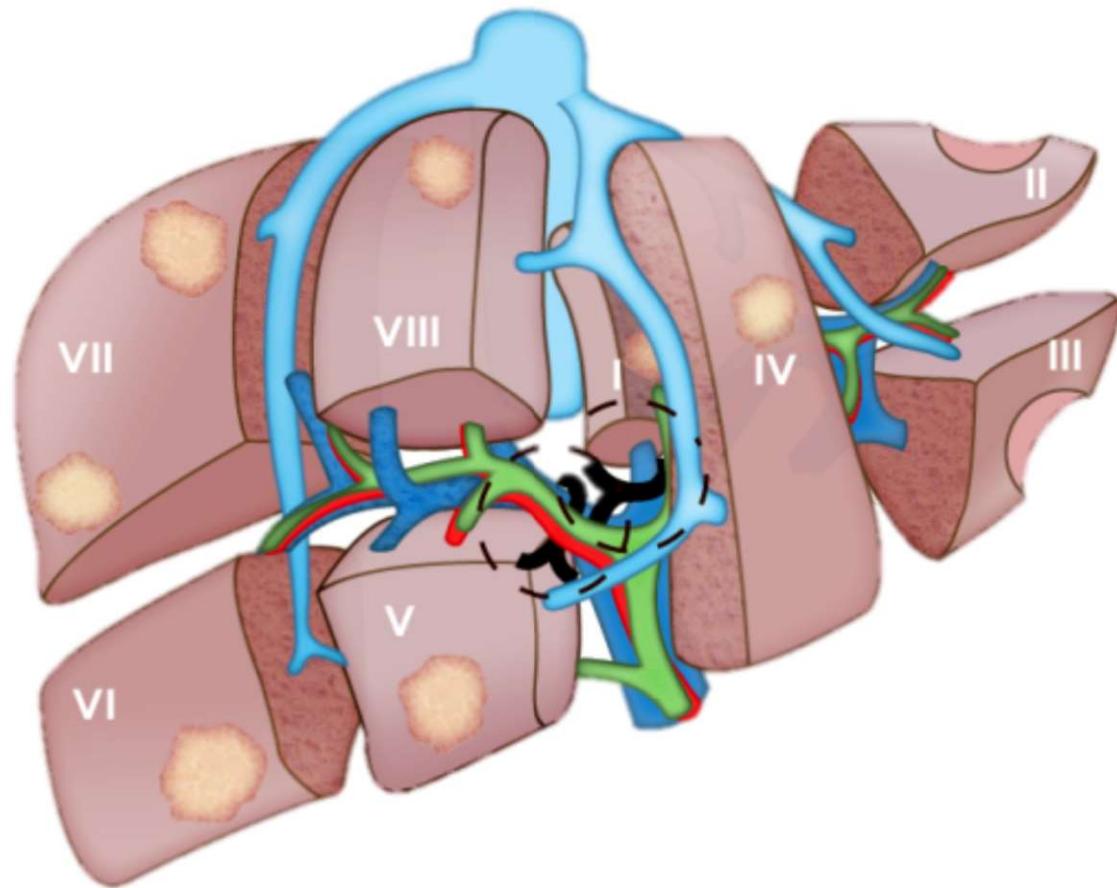
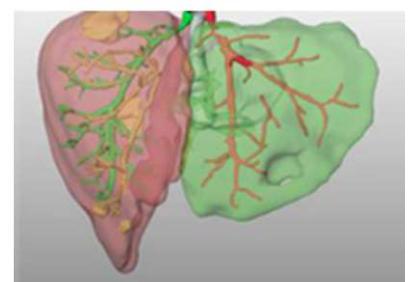
# ALPPS



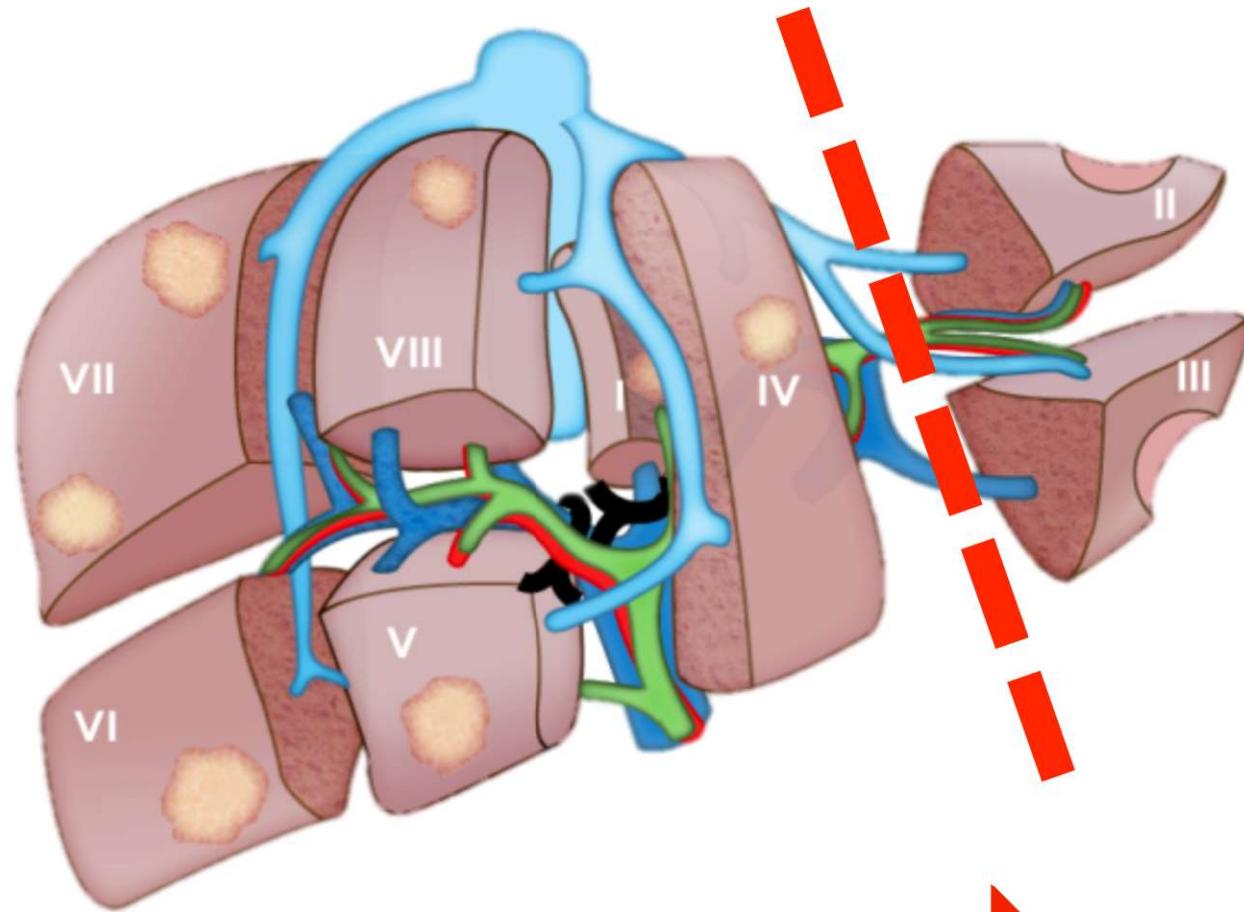
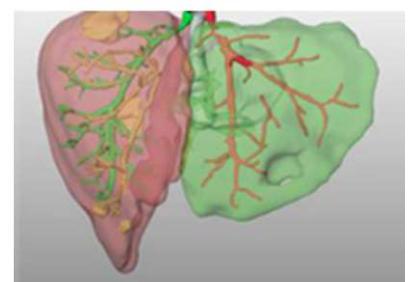
# ALPPS



# ALPPS

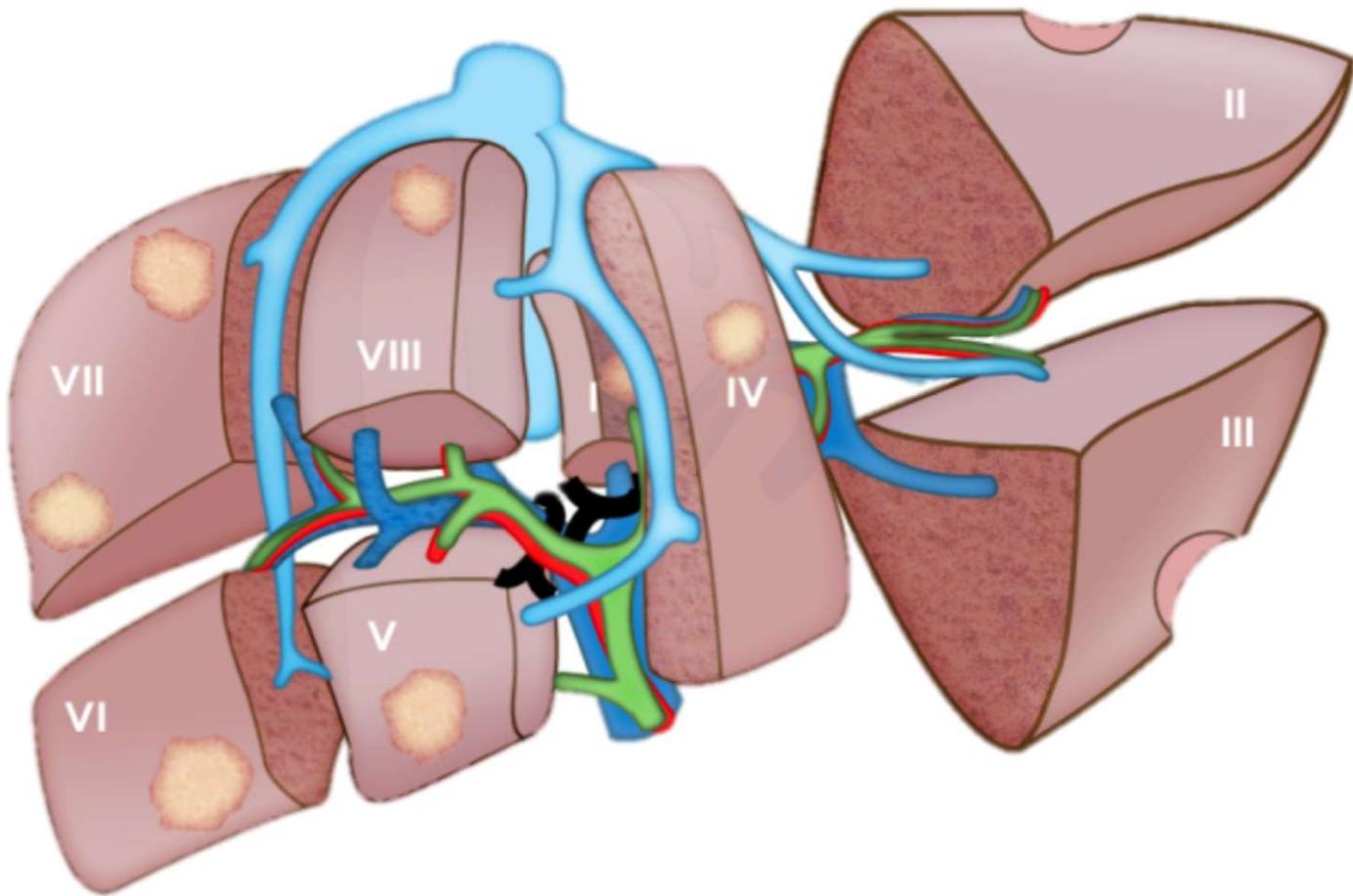
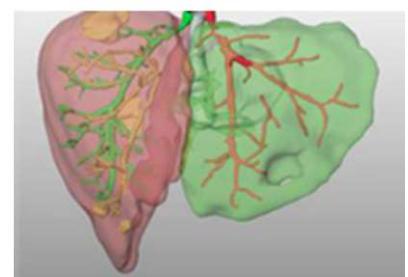


# ALPPS

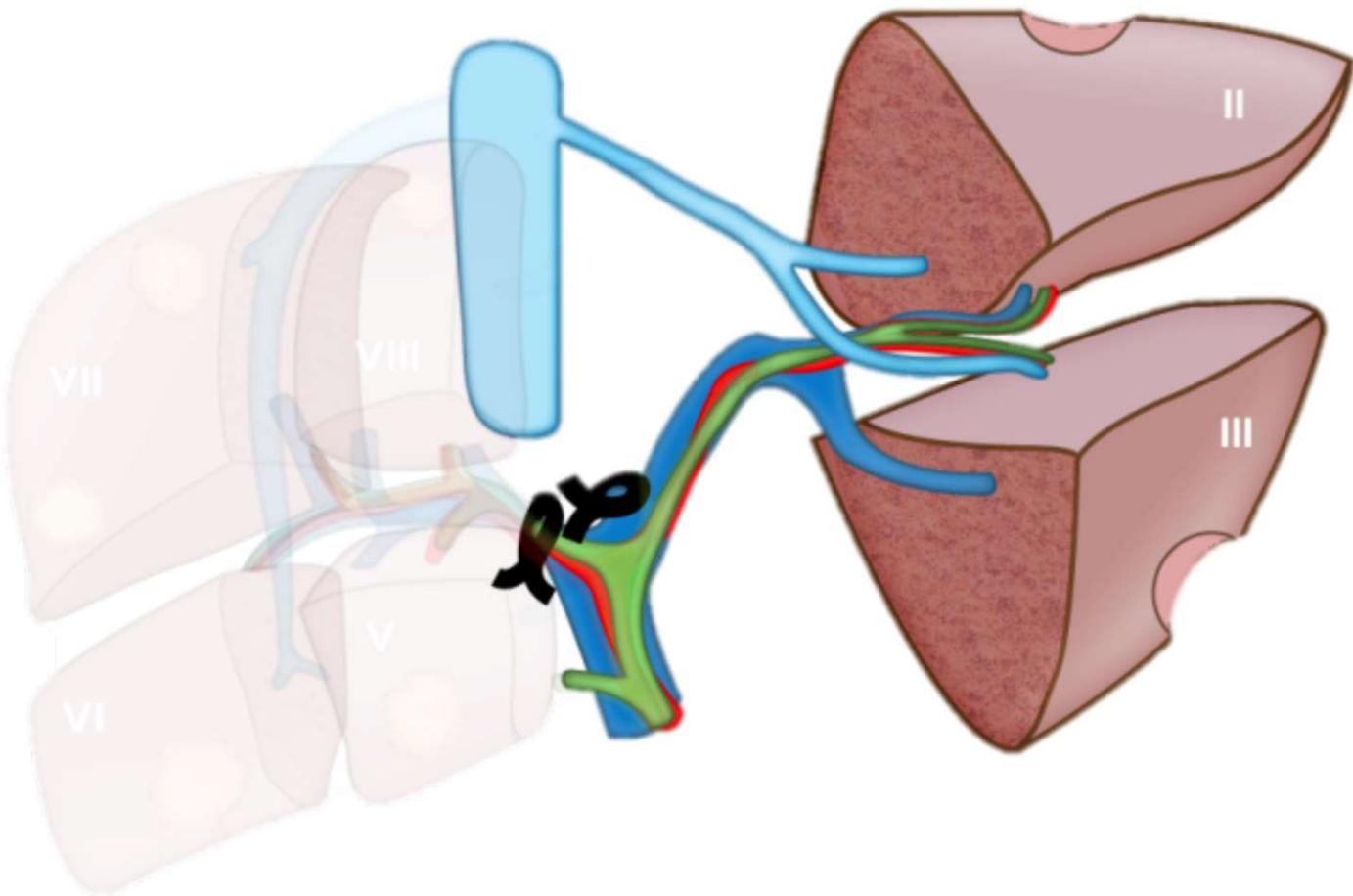
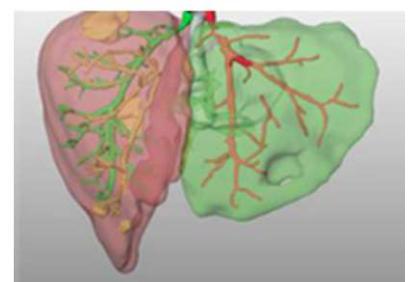


7 days

# ALPPS



# ALPPS



## ASSOCIATING LIVER PARTITION AND PORTAL VEIN LIGATION FOR STAGED HEPATECTOMY (ALPPS): A NEW APPROACH IN LIVER RESECTIONS

*Ligadura da veia porta associada à transecção para hepatectomia em dois estágios (ALPPS): uma nova abordagem nas ressecções hepáticas*

Orlando Jorge Martins **TORRES**, José Maria Assunção **MORAES-JUNIOR**, Nádia Caroline Lima e **LIMA**, Anmara Moura **MORAES**

From the Department of Digestive Surgery,  
UDI Hospital, São Luis, MA, Brazil.

**ABSTRACT – Background** - Postoperative liver failure consequent to insufficiency of remnant liver is a feared complication in patients who underwent extensive liver

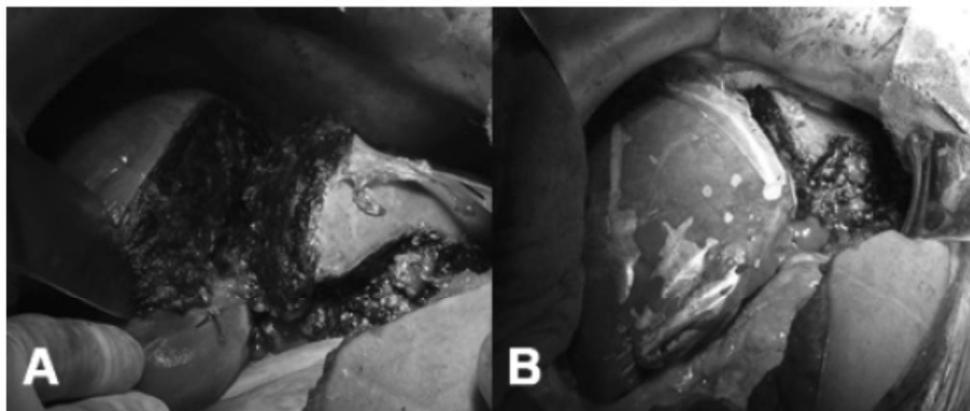
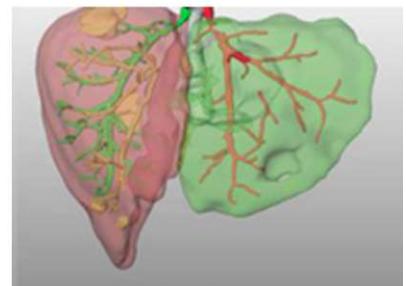


FIGURE 1 - A - Transection of the liver; B - protection with sterile bag



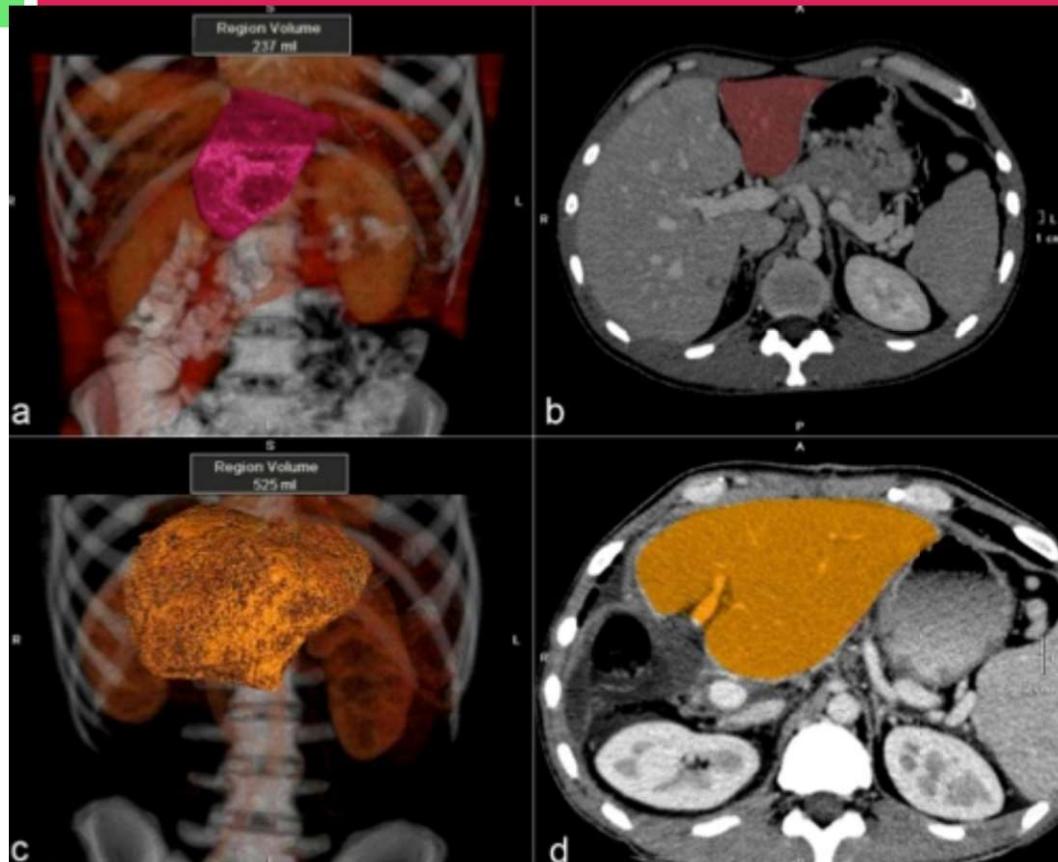
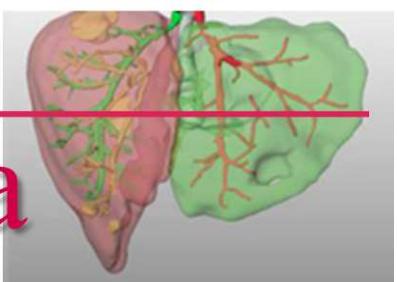
FIGURE 2 - Final aspect of the surgical procedure

# ALPPS



- Hipertrofia do RHF superior à E/LVP, maior factibilidade para ressecção R0.
- Adequada estratificação da doença no 1º procedimento.
- Permite limpeza agressiva do RHF.
- Ressecção simultânea na primeira operação em doença sincrônica.
- O intervalo curto torna pouco provável a progressão tumoral.
- Na progressão tumoral no hemifígado doente, não há invasão por contiguidade.
- Alternativa naqueles que não alcançaram hipertrofia suficiente após a E/LVP.

# Hipertrofia maciça e acelerada



Superior à E/LVP

- Homem 35 anos com CRLM.
- FOLFOX-Cetuximab (**14 ciclos**)

6 dias



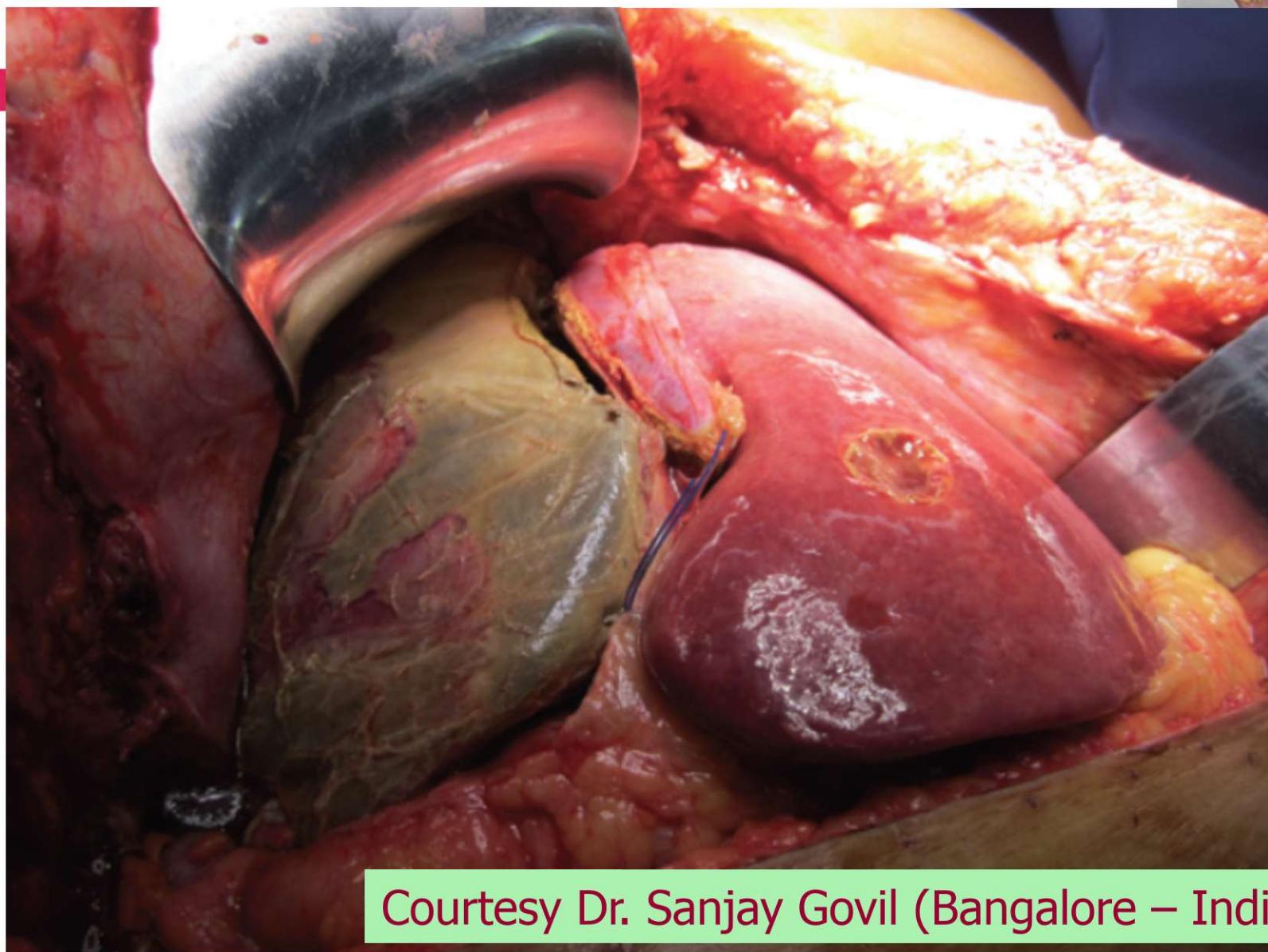
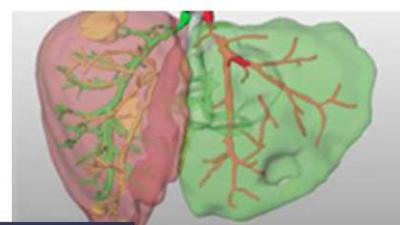
**135% hipertrofia**

Até 200% de hipertrofia em uma semana

*Donati M, et al. Ann Surg. 2012*

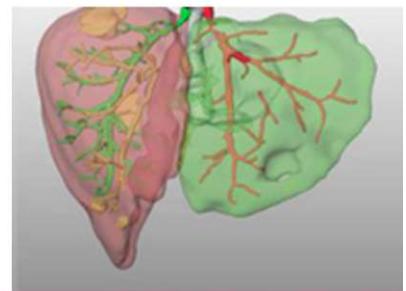
*Ulla M, Ardiles V, de Santibañes E et al. Hepatogastroenterology 2012*

*Knoefel W T et al. British Journal of Surgery 2013*



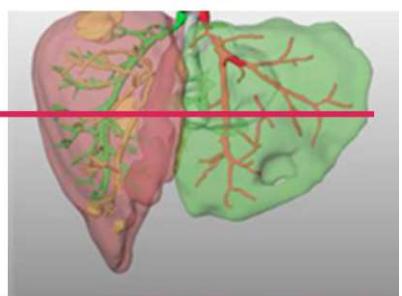
Courtesy Dr. Sanjay Govil (Bangalore – India)

# ALPPS



- Hipertrofia do RHF superior à E/LVP, maior factibilidade para ressecção R0.
- Adequada estratificação da doença no 1º procedimento.
- Permite limpeza agressiva do RHF.
- Ressecção simultânea na primeira operação em doença sincrônica.
- O intervalo curto torna pouco provável a progressão tumoral.
- Na progressão tumoral no hemifígado doente, não há invasão por contiguidade.
- Alternativa naqueles que não alcançaram hipertrofia suficiente após a E/LVP.

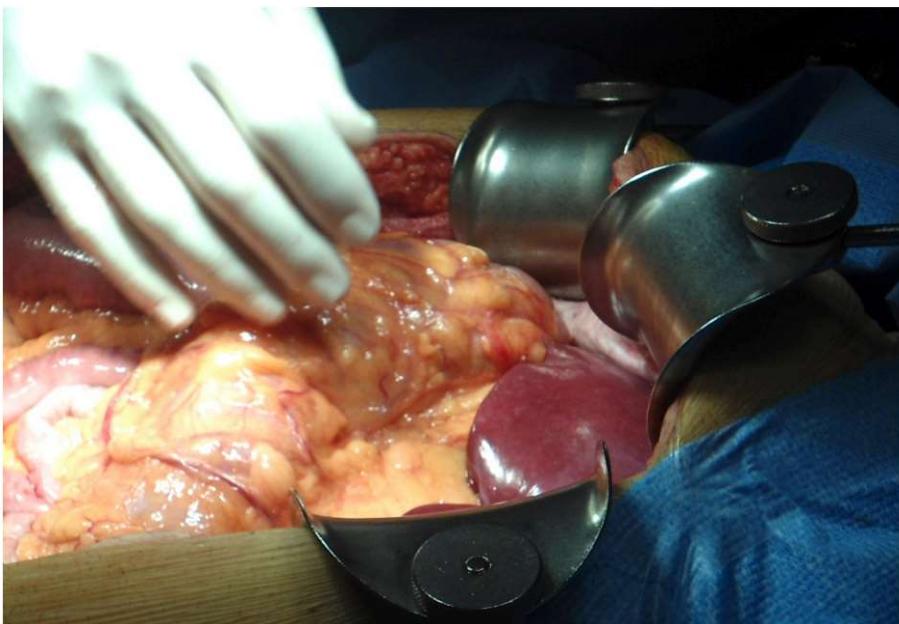
# Estratificação adequada



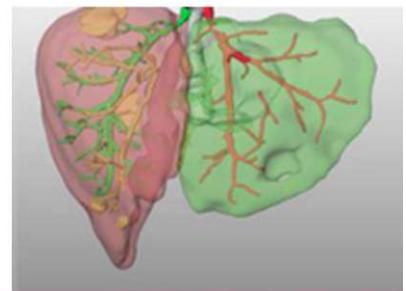
- A exploração durante a primeira cirurgia permite excluir enfermidade adicional que pode não ter sido detectada na avaliação pre-operatória.

*Schnitzbauer A, H. J. Schlitt HJ, et al. Annals of Surgery 2012*

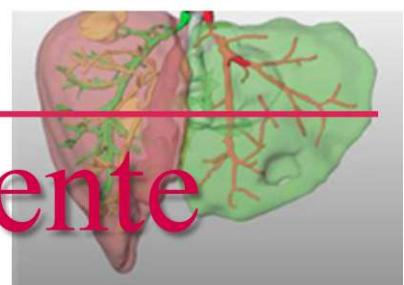
*Alvarez FA, Ardiles V, de Santibañes E et al. J Gastrointest Surg 2012*



# ALPPS

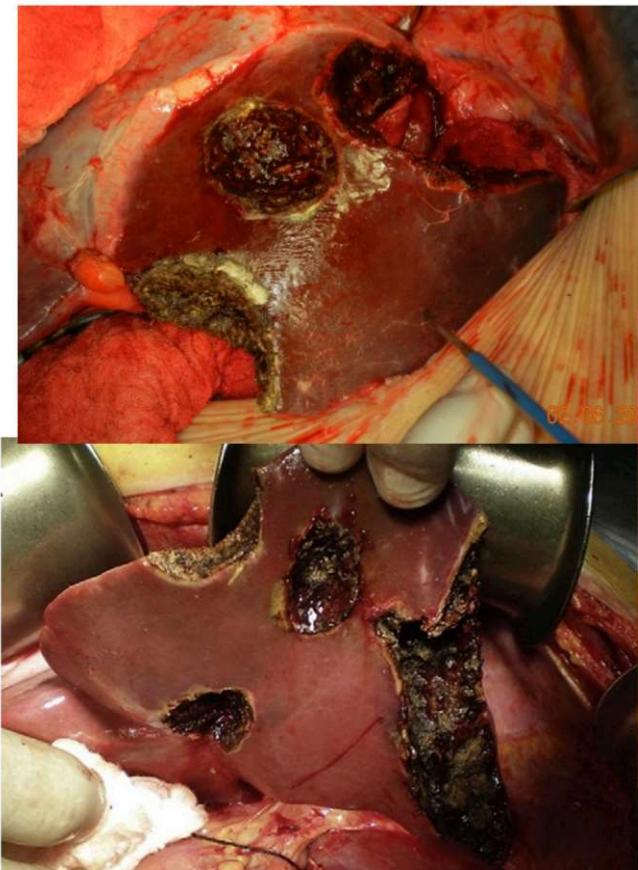


- Hipertrofia do RHF superior à E/LVP, maior factibilidade para ressecção R0.
- Adequada estratificação da doença no 1º procedimento.
- Permite limpeza agressiva do RHF.
- Ressecção simultânea na primeira operação em doença sincrônica.
- O intervalo curto torna pouco provável a progressão tumoral.
- Na progressão tumoral no hemifígado doente, não há invasão por contiguidade.
- Alternativa naqueles que não alcançaram hipertrofia suficiente após a E/LVP.

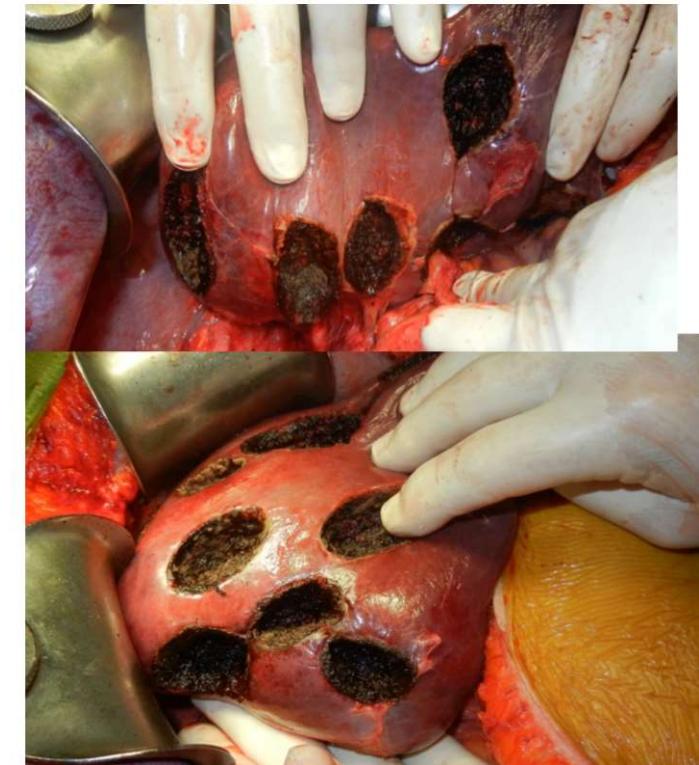


# Limpeza agressiva do remanescente

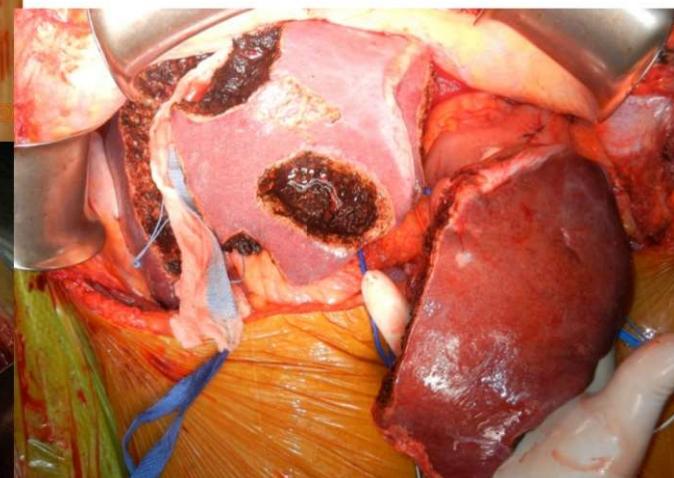
ALPPS direito



ALPPS esquerdo



Central



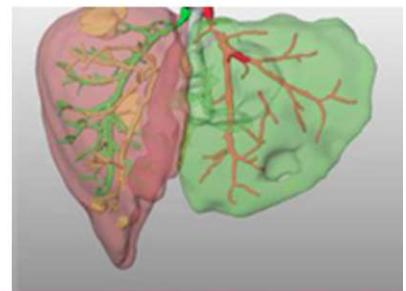
*de Santibañes E, Clavien PA. Ann Surg 2012.*

*de Santibañes E, Alvarez FA, Ardiles V. World J Surg 2012*

*Alvarez FA, Ardiles V, de Santibañes E et al. JOGS 2012*

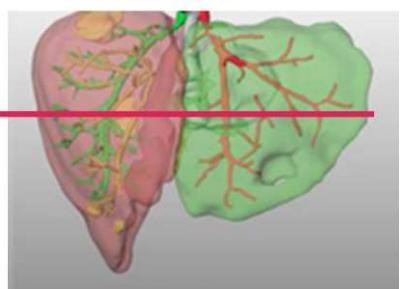


# ALPPS



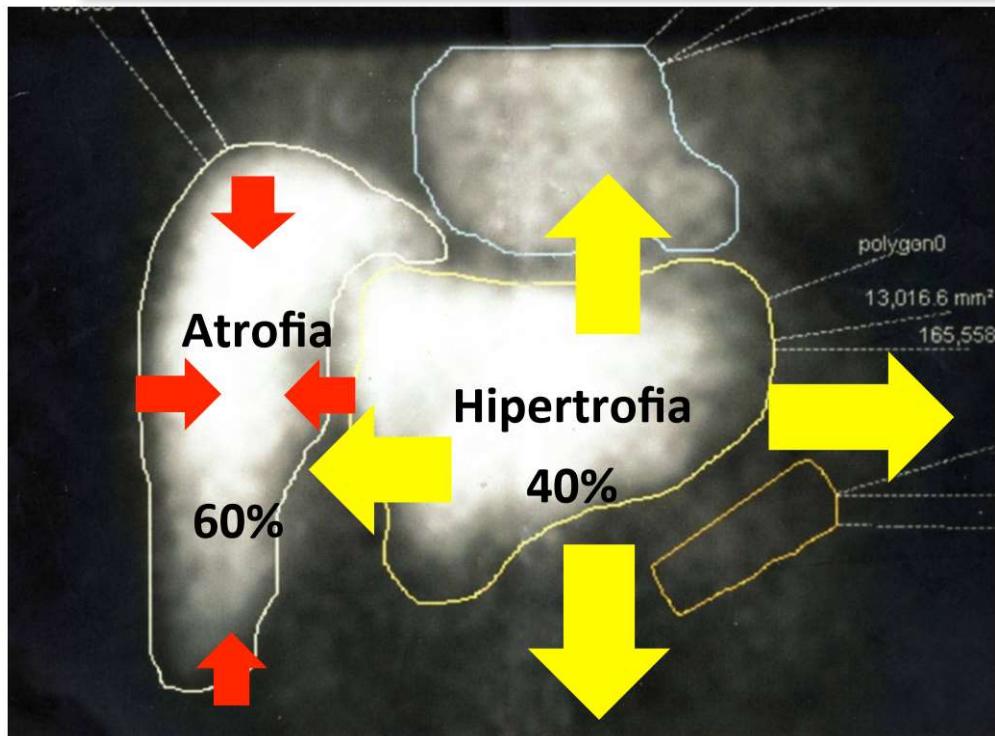
- Hipertrofia do RHF superior à E/LVP, maior factibilidade para ressecção R0.
- Adequada estratificação da doença no 1º procedimento.
- Permite limpeza agressiva do RHF.
- Ressecção simultânea na primeira operação em doença sincrônica.
- O intervalo curto torna pouco provável a progressão tumoral.
- Na progressão tumoral no hemifígado doente, não há invasão por contiguidade.
- Alternativa naqueles que não alcançaram hipertrofia suficiente após a E/LVP.

# Fígado auxiliar temporário



## How to Avoid Postoperative Liver Failure: A Novel Method

Eduardo de Santibañes · Fernando A. Alvarez · Victoria Ardiles



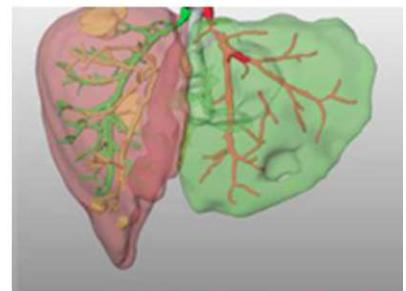
Fígado doente responsável por 60% da função total até o 6º dia



Dokmak S, Belghiti J. Ann Surg 2012.

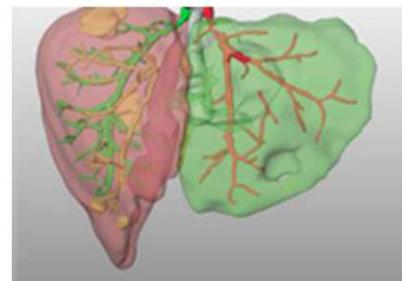
de Santibañes E, Alvarez FA, Ardiles V. World J Surg 2012.

# ALPPS

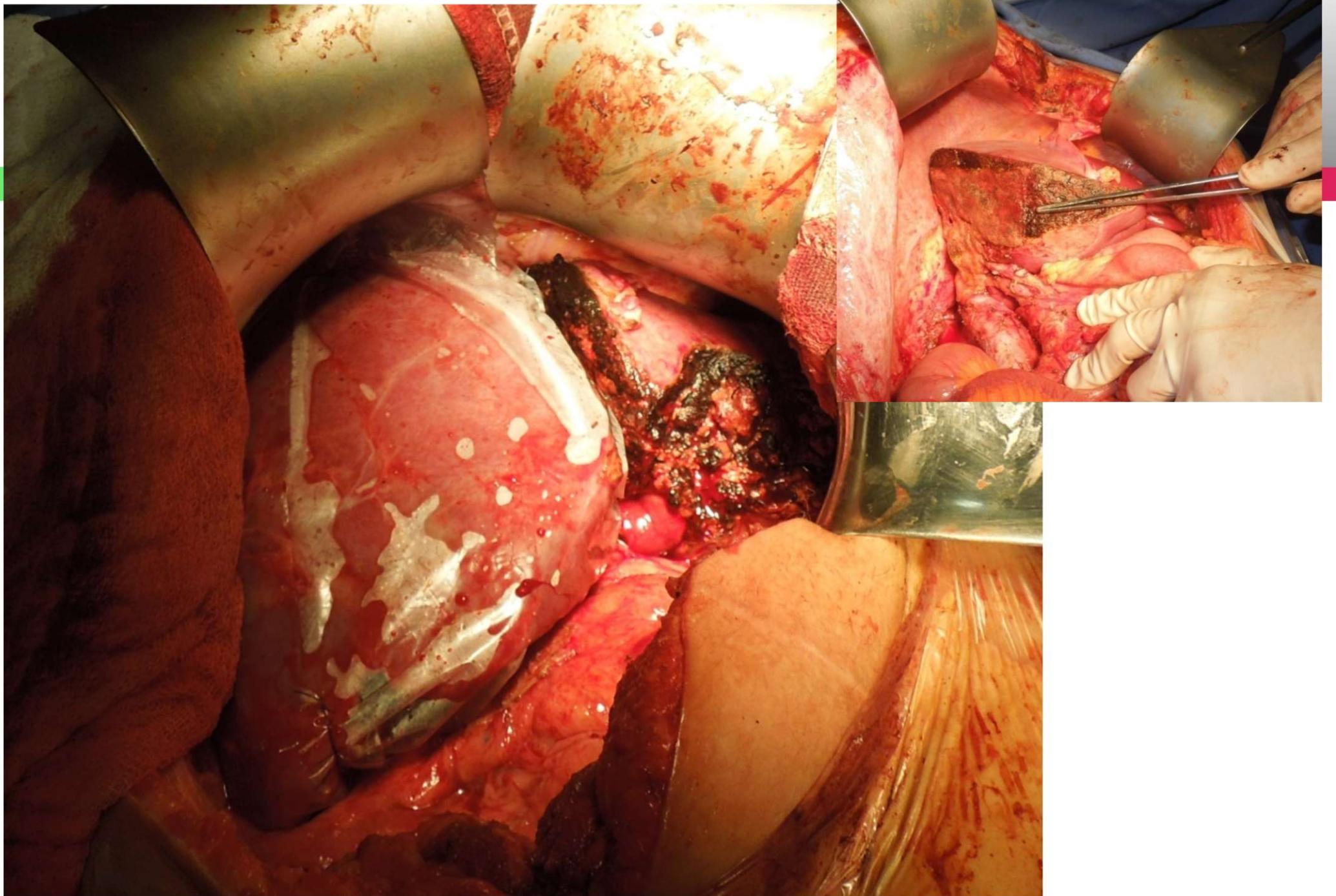


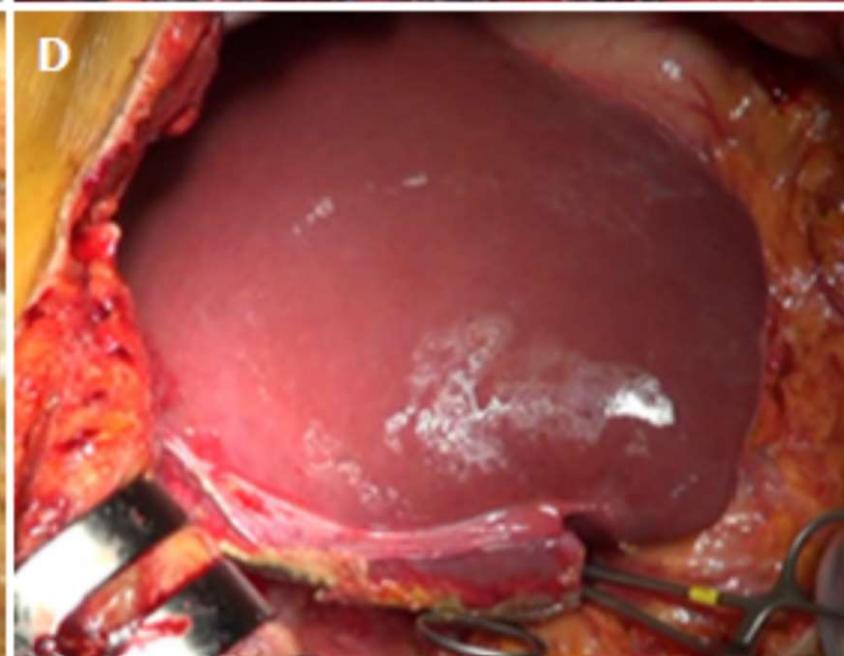
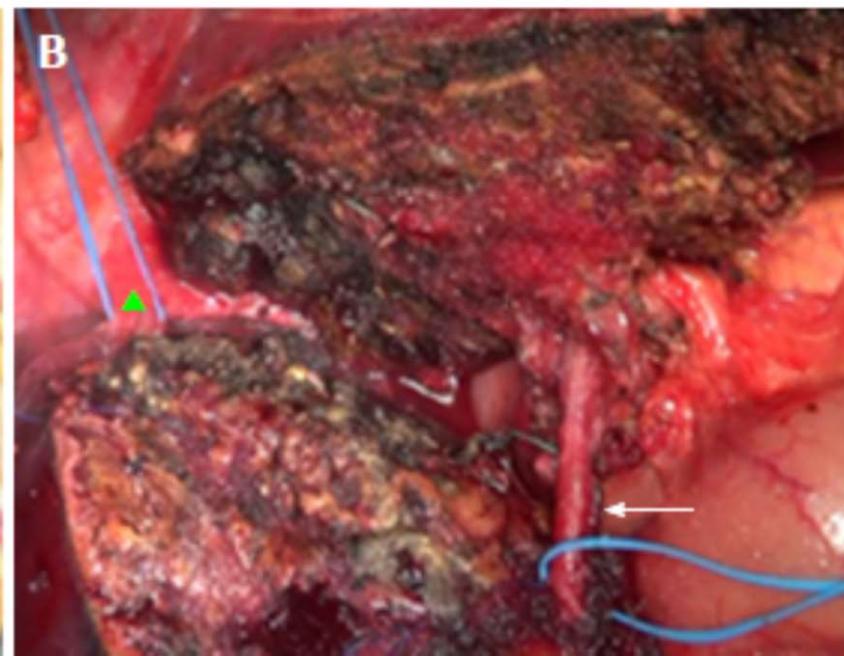
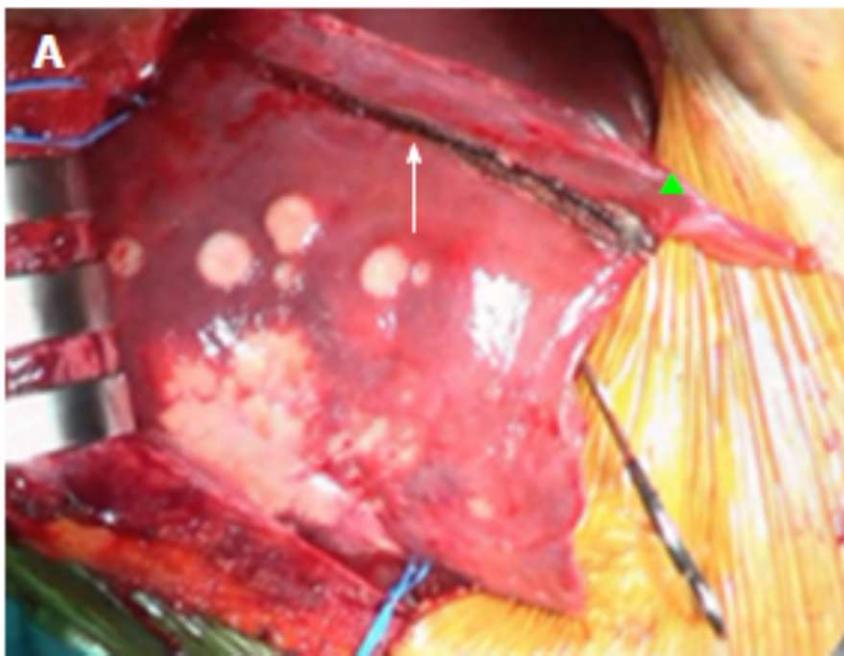
- Hipertrofia do RHF superior à E/LVP, maior factibilidade para ressecção R0.
- Adequada estratificação da doença no 1º procedimento.
- Permite limpeza agressiva do RHF.
- Ressecção simultânea na primeira operação em doença sincrônica.
- O intervalo curto torna pouco provável a progressão tumoral.
- Na progressão tumoral no hemifígado doente, não há invasão por contiguidade.
- Alternativa naqueles que não alcançaram hipertrofia suficiente após a E/LVP.

# ALPPS

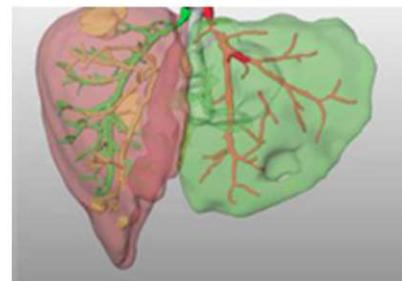


- Hipertrofia do RHF superior à E/LVP, maior factibilidade para ressecção R0.
- Adequada estratificação da doença no 1º procedimento.
- Permite limpeza agressiva do RHF.
- Ressecção simultânea na primeira operação em doença sincrônica.
- O intervalo curto torna pouco provável a progressão tumoral.
- Na progressão tumoral no hemifígado doente, não há invasão por contiguidade.
- Alternativa naqueles que não alcançaram hipertrofia suficiente após a E/LVP.





# ALPPS



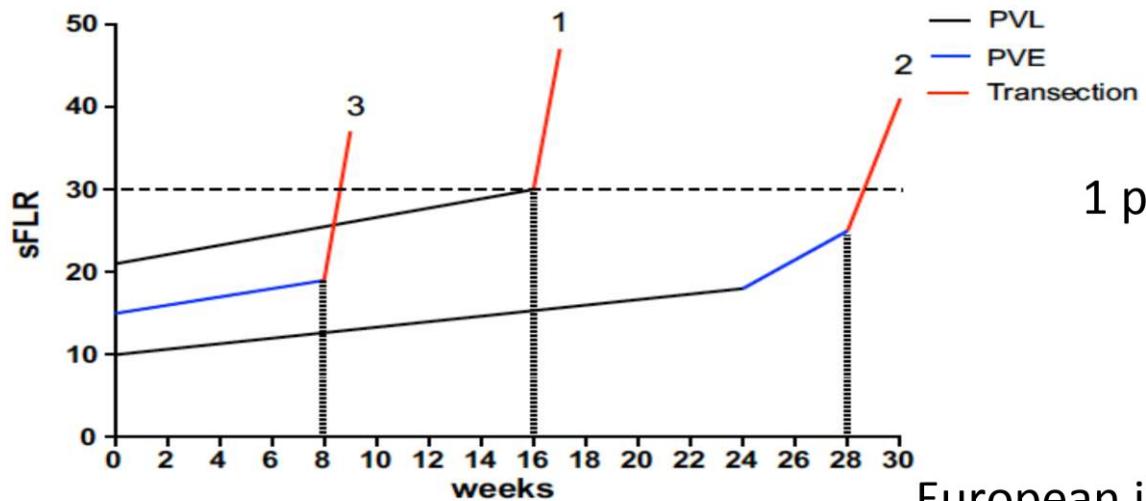
- Hipertrofia do RHF superior à E/LVP, maior factibilidade para ressecção R0.
- Adequada estratificação da doença no 1º procedimento.
- Permite limpeza agressiva do RHF.
- Ressecção simultânea na primeira operação em doença sincrônica.
- O intervalo curto torna pouco provável a progressão tumoral.
- Na progressão tumoral no hemifígado doente, não há invasão por contiguidade.
- Alternativa naqueles que não alcançaram hipertrofia suficiente após a E/LVP.

# ALPPS no resgate da EVP/LVP

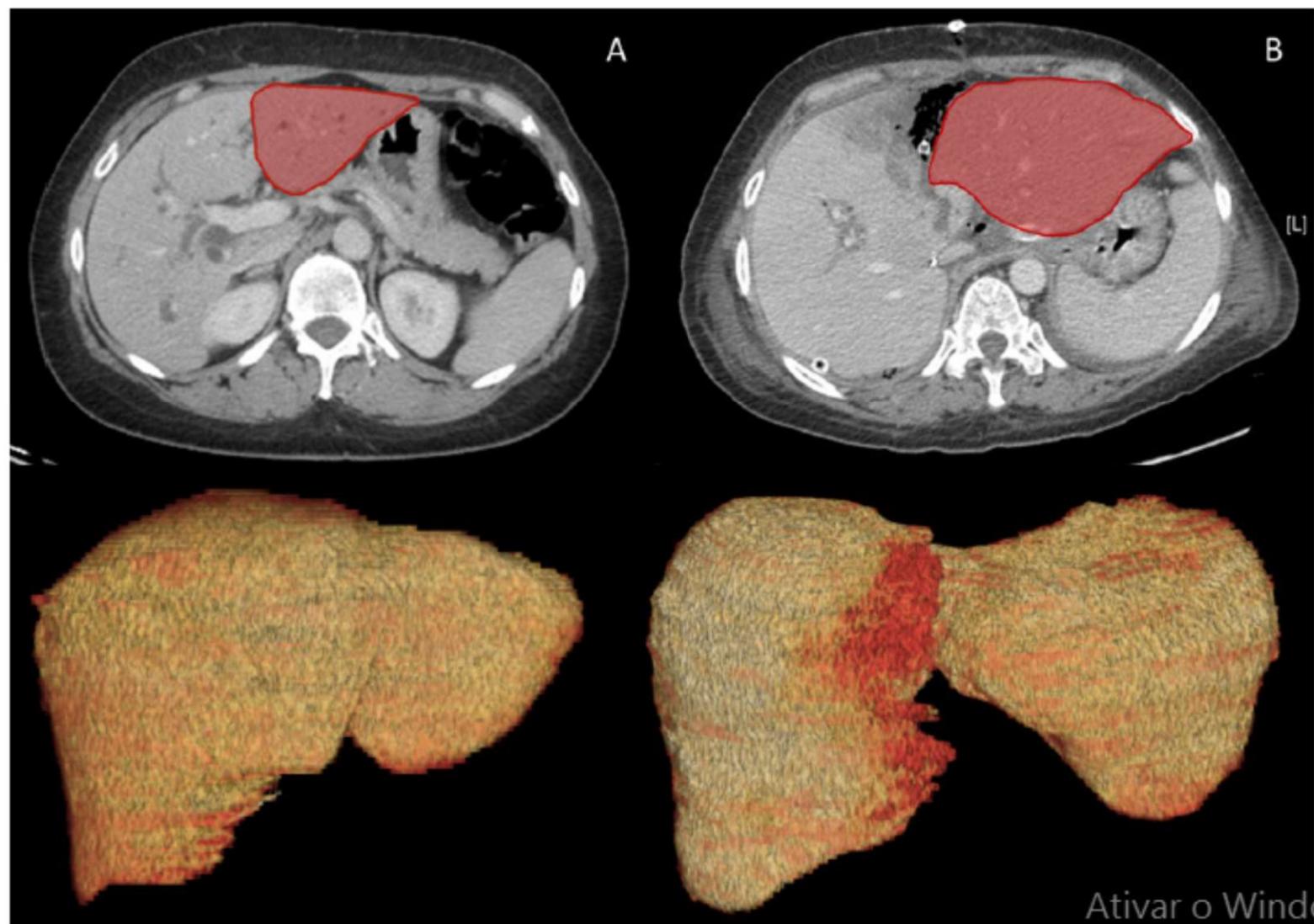


**Salvage Parenchymal Liver Transection for patients with  
Insufficient volume increase after Portal Vein occlusion**  
**- An extension of the ALPPS approach -**

Christoph Tschuor\*&, MD, Kris P. Croome#&, MD, Gregory Sergeant\*, MD, PhD, Virginia Cano+, MD,  
 Luk Schadde\*, MD, Victoria Ardiles+, MD, Ksenija Slankamenac\*, MD, Rodrigo Sanchez Clariá +, MD,  
 Eduardo de Santibañes +, MD, PhD, Roberto Hernandez-Alejandro #&, MD and  
 Pierre-Alain Clavien \*&, MD, PhD



1 paciente com PVL- PVE (S4)  
 e embolização veia  
 suprahepática direita.



**Fig 1. Case #1. FLR before ALPPS-1 (A) and after 6 days (B) in a patient with pC**

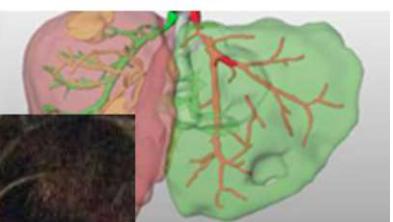
## BRAZILIAN CONSENSUS FOR MULTIMODAL TREATMENT OF COLORECTAL LIVER METASTASES. MODULE 3: CONTROVERSIES AND UNRESECTABLE METASTASES

*Consenso brasileiro de tratamento multidisciplinar de metástase hepática de origem colorretal  
Módulo 3: Controvérsias e metástases irreessecáveis*

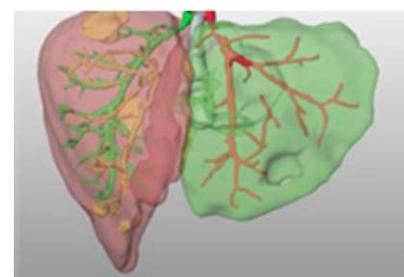
Orlando Jorge Martins **TORRES**<sup>1,2,6</sup>, Márcio Carmona **MARQUES**<sup>2,6</sup>, Fabio Nasser **SANTOS**<sup>1</sup>, Igor Correia de **FARIAS**<sup>2,6</sup>,  
Anelisa Kruschewsky **COUTINHO**<sup>3</sup>, Cássio Virgílio Cavalcante de **OLIVEIRA**<sup>1,4,5</sup>, Antonio Nocchi **KALIL**<sup>1,2,4,6</sup>,  
Celso Abdón Lopes de **MELLO**<sup>3</sup>, Jaime Arthur Pirola **KRUGER**<sup>1,4,5,6</sup>, Gustavo dos Santos **FERNANDES**<sup>3</sup>,  
Claudemiro **QUIREZE JR**<sup>1,4,5,6</sup>, André M. **MURAD**<sup>3</sup>, Milton José de **BARROS E SILVA**<sup>3</sup>,  
Charles Edouard **ZURSTRASSEN**<sup>1</sup>, Helano Carioca **FREITAS**<sup>3</sup>, Marcelo Rocha **CRUZ**<sup>3</sup>, Rui **WESCHENFELDER**<sup>3</sup>,  
Marcelo Moura **LINHARES**<sup>1,4,5,6</sup>, Leonaldson dos Santos **CASTRO**<sup>1,2,6</sup>, Charles **VOLLMER**<sup>6</sup>,  
Elijah **DIXON**<sup>6</sup>, Héber Salvador de Castro **RIBEIRO**<sup>1,2,6</sup>, Felipe José Fernandez **COIMBRA**<sup>1,2,5,6</sup>

**ALPPS**

- Alternativa para hepatectomia em dois tempos.
- Resgate pós embolização da veia porta.



ALPPS team



# Right Portal Vein Ligation Combined With In Situ Splitting Induces Rapid Left Lateral Liver Lobe Hypertrophy Enabling 2-Staged Extended Right Hepatic Resection in Small-for-Size Settings

*Andreas A. Schnitzbauer, MD,\* Sven A. Lang, MD,\* Holger Goessmann, MD,† Silvio Nadalin, MD,§*

*Janine Baumgart, MD,|| Stefan A. Farkas, MD,\* Stefan Fichtner-Feigl, MD,\* Thomas Lorf, MD,¶*

*Armin Goralcyk, MD,¶ Rüdiger Hörbelt, MD,# Alexander Kroemer, MD,\* Martin Loss, MD,\* Petra Rümmele, MD,‡*

*Marcus N. Scherer, MD,\* Winfried Padberg, MD,# Alfred Königsrainer, MD,§ Hauke Lang, MD,||*

*Aiman Obed, MD,¶ and Hans J. Schlitt, MD\**

ABDDV/898

ABCD Arq Bras Cir Dig  
2013;26(1):40-43

Original Article

## Críticas

### ASSOCIATING LIVER PARTITION AND PORTAL VEIN LIGATION FOR STAGED HEPATECTOMY (ALPPS): THE BRAZILIAN EXPERIENCE

*Ligadura da veia porta associada à bipartição do fígado para hepatectomia em dois estágios (ALPPS): experiência Brasileira*

*Orlando Jorge Martins TORRES<sup>1</sup>, Eduardo de Souza Martins FERNANDES<sup>2</sup> Cassio Virgilio Cavalcante OLIVEIRA<sup>3</sup>*

*Cristiano Xavier LIMA<sup>4</sup>, Fabio Luiz WAECHTER<sup>5</sup>, Jose Maria Assunção MORAES-JUNIOR<sup>1</sup>,*

*Marcelo Moura LINHARES<sup>6</sup>, Rinaldo Danese PINTO<sup>7</sup>, Paulo HERMAN<sup>8</sup>, Marcel Autran Cesar MACHADO<sup>9</sup>*

- 59 e 64% Complicação
- 12 e 12,8% Mortalidade



**TABLE 108D.1 Degree of Hypertrophy After Stage 1 of ALPPS Procedure**

Series	No. Patients	Interval Stage (mean days)	Degree of Hypertrophy (%)
Schnitzbauer et al, 2012	25	9	74
Knoefel et al, 2013	7	6	63
Li et al, 2013	9	13	87.20
Nadalin et al, 2014	15	10	87.2
Torres et al, 2013	39	14.1	83
Robles Campos et al, 2014	22*	7	61
Alvarez et al, 2015	30	6	89.7
Hernandez-Alejandro et al, 2015	14	8	93

\*Associating liver tourniquet and portal ligation for staged hepatectomy (ALTPS).

ALPPS, Associating liver partition and portal vein ligation for staged hepatectomy.



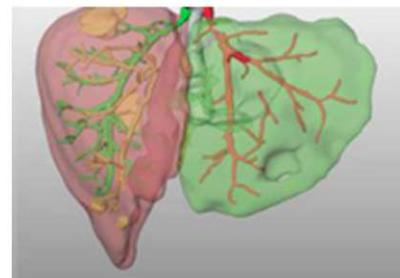
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

# Associating Liver Partition and Portal Vein Ligation for Staged Hepatectomy Offers High Oncological Feasibility With Adequate Patient Safety

*A Prospective Study at a Single Center*

Fernando A. Alvarez, MD, Victoria Ardiles, MD, Martin de Santibañes, MD, Juan Pekolj, MD, PhD,  
and Eduardo de Santibañes, MD, PhD

53% Morbidade  
6,6% Mortalidade



## PAPER OF THE 21ST ANNUAL ESA MEETING

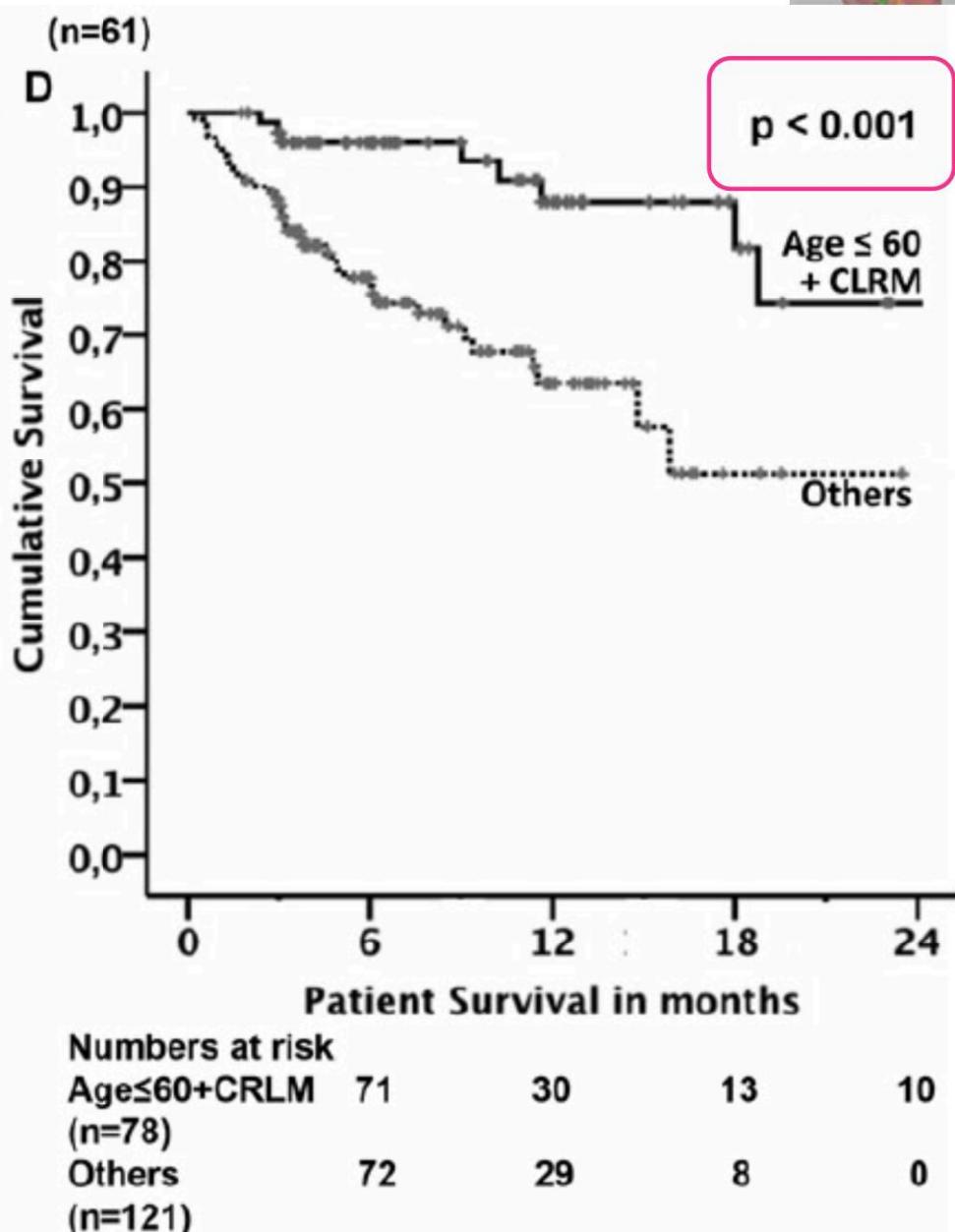
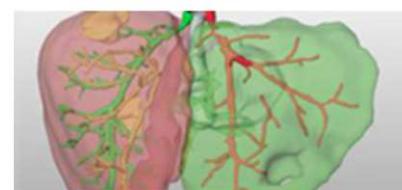
### Early Survival and Safety of ALPPS

#### *First Report of the International ALPPS Registry*

Erik Schadde, MD, FACS,\* Victoria Ardiles, MD,† Ricardo Robles-Campos, MD,‡ Massimo Malago, MD, FACS,§  
Marcel Machado, MD,¶ Roberto Hernandez-Alejandro, MD,|| Olivier Soubbrane, MD,\*\*  
Andreas A. Schnitzbauer, MD,†† Dimitri Raptis, MD,\* Christoph Tschuor, MD,\* Henrik Petrowsky, MD, FACS,\*  
Eduardo De Santibanes, MD, PhD, FACS,† and Pierre-Alain Clavien, MD, PhD, FACS\*§§; On behalf of the ALPPS  
Registry Group

40 % Morbidade  
9 % Mortalidade

# ALPPS Registry





## The ALPPS procedure for hepatocellular carcinoma larger than 10 centimeters



Orlando Jorge M. Torres\*, Rodrigo Rodrigues Vasques, Thiago Henrique S. Silva,  
Miguel Eugenio L. Castelo-Branco, Camila Cristina S. Torres

Department of Digestive Surgery, Federal University of Maranhão, São Luiz, MA, Brazil

### ARTICLE INFO

#### Article history:

Received 10 June 2016

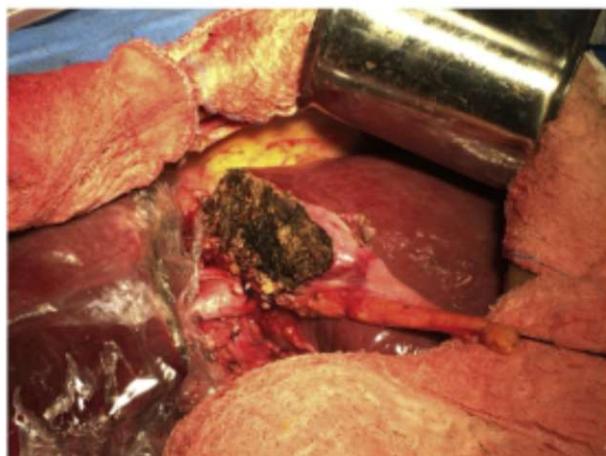


Fig. 2. ALPPS first procedure with plastic bag.

### ABSTRACT

**INTRODUCTION:** The only means of achieving long-term survival in hepatocellular carcinoma is complete tumor resection or liver transplantation. Patients with large hepatocellular carcinomas are currently

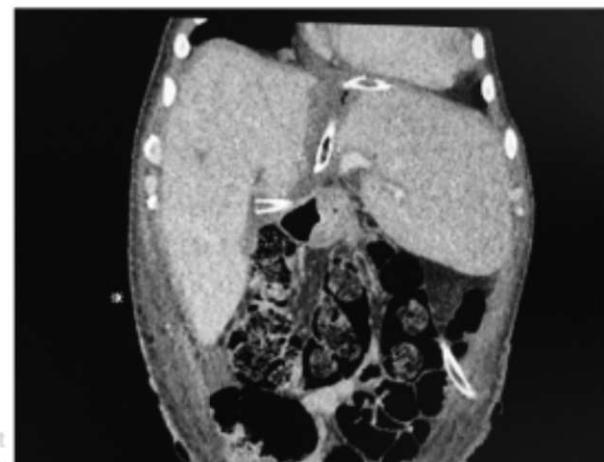
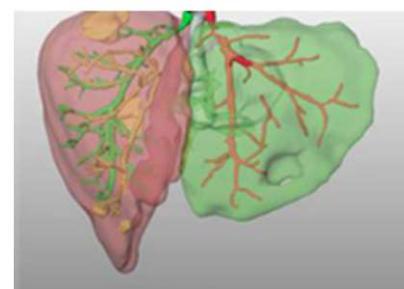


Fig. 3. CT 15 days after the first procedure.



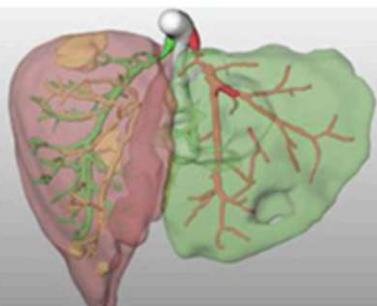
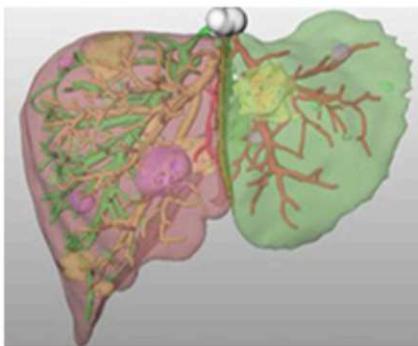
Fig. 4. Final aspect of the liver remnant.



# Can we improve the morbidity and mortality associated with the associating liver partition with portal vein ligation for staged hepatectomy (ALPPS) procedure in the management of colorectal liver metastases?

Roberto Hernandez-Alejandro, MD,<sup>a</sup> Kimberly A. Bertens, MD, MPH,<sup>a</sup> Karen Pineda-Solis, MD,<sup>a</sup> and Kristopher P. Croome, MD, MS,<sup>a,b</sup> London, Ontario, Canada, and Rochester, MN

- 36 % Morbidade
- 0 % Mortalidade



# 1 st International Consensus Meeting on ALPPS

February 27<sup>th</sup> and 28<sup>th</sup> 2015, Hamburg, Germany

HOME

COMMITTEES

PROGRAMME

VIDEO BROADCASTS

FOTOS

VENUE

POSTERS

SPONSORS

CONTACTS



*Karl J. Oldhafer*

*Thomas van Gulik*

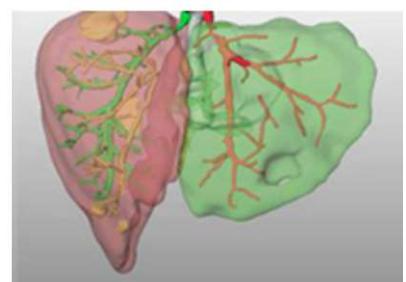


European-African Hepato-Pancreato-Biliary Association

Supported with a grant of DFG

**DFG** Deutsche  
Forschungsgemeinschaft

# Brazilians in Hamburg





# INDICAÇÕES / SELEÇÃO



- Metástase hepática colo-retal extensa
- ALPPS de resgate (fracasso da EVP)
- Doença bilobar (contra-indicação para EVP)
- Extensão tumoral inesperada
- Remanescente hepático < 30% (ou < 0,5% do peso corporal)
- Hepatectomia direita ampliada
- Necessidade de grande hipertrofia
- Idade  $\leq$  60 anos
- Margem do tumor próximo ao remanescente

## ASSOCIATING LIVER PARTITION AND PORTAL VEIN LIGATION FOR STAGED HEPATECTOMY (ALPPS): THE BRAZILIAN EXPERIENCE

*Ligadura da veia porta associada à bipartição do fígado para hepatectomia em dois estágios (ALPPS): experiência Brasileira*

Orlando Jorge Martins **TORRES<sup>1</sup>**, Eduardo de Souza Martins **FERNANDES<sup>2</sup>** Cassio Virgilio Cavalcante **OLIVEIRA<sup>3</sup>**,  
Cristiano Xavier **LIMA<sup>4</sup>**, Fabio Luiz **WAECHTER<sup>5</sup>**, Jose Maria Assunção **MORAES-JUNIOR<sup>1</sup>**,  
Marcelo Moura **LINHARES<sup>6</sup>**, Rinaldo Danese **PINTO<sup>7</sup>**, Paulo **HERMAN<sup>8</sup>**, Marcel Autran Cesar **MACHADO<sup>9</sup>**

- Morbidade – 59%
- Colangiocarcinoma
- Associação:
  - Colectomia
  - Duodenopancreatectomia
- Mortalidade – 12,8%



## ALPPS: PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

*ALPPS: passado, presente e futuro*

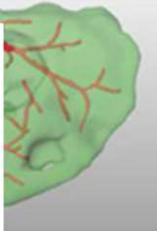
Orlando Jorge M TORRES<sup>1</sup>, Eduardo S M FERNANDES<sup>2</sup>, Paulo HERMAN<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Universidade Federal do Maranhão (Federal University of Maranhão), São Luís, MA; <sup>2</sup> Hospital Adventista Silvestre, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil;

<sup>3</sup>Universidade de São Paulo (University of São Paulo), São Paulo, SP, Brazil.

Complete tumor resection in the liver is the only chance to obtain long-term survival in patients with hepatic tumor or metastasis from other primary cancers. In patients with a large load of tumor within the liver, multiple strategies have been employed to improve resection, especially when a small liver remnant is expected. Staged hepatectomies, in

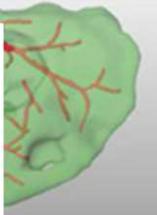
- Discutir em reunião multidisciplinar
- Remanescente < 30%
- Resgate após falha na embolização de veia porta
- Evitar em colangiocarcinoma
- Reduzir morbidade e mortalidade



## Is Partial-ALPPS Safer Than ALPPS? *A Single-Center Experience*

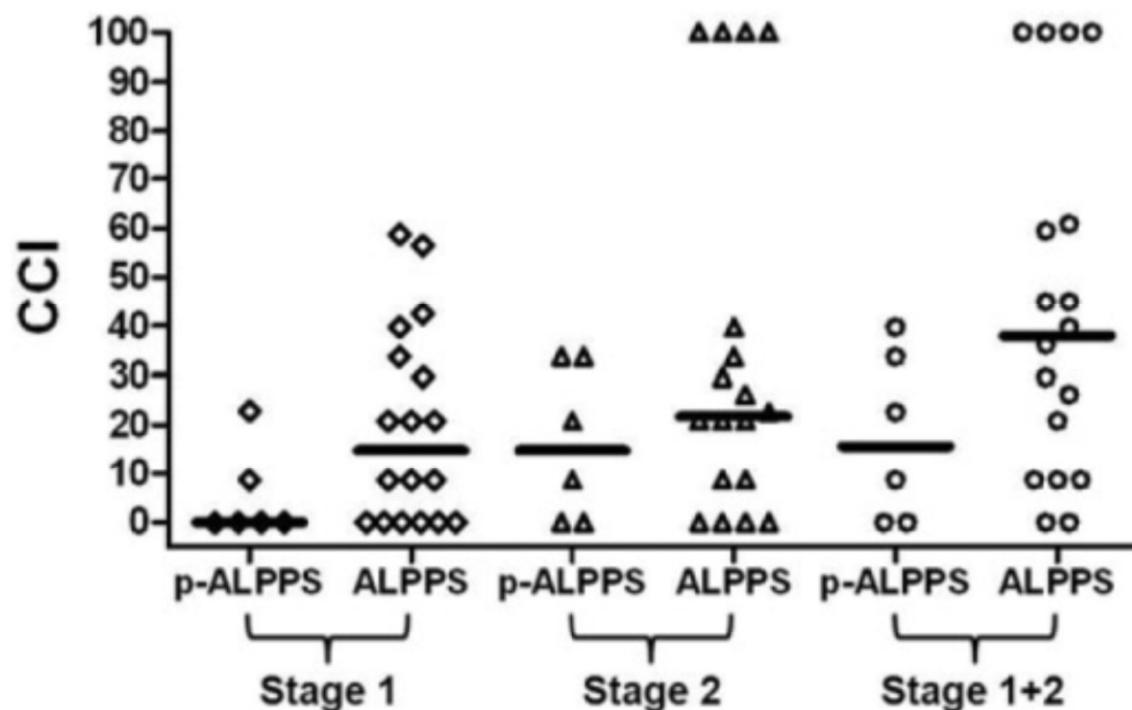
Henrik Petrowsky, MD, FACS,\* Georg Györi, MD,\* Michelle de Oliveira, MD, FACS,\* Mickaël Lesurtel, MD, PhD,\* and Pierre-Alain Clavien, MD, PhD, FACS†

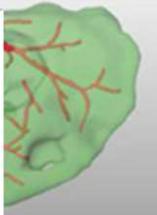
- 50- 80% transecção
- Nível das veias hepáticas
- Utilizar abordagem anterior
- Tumor localizado dentro ou próximo da linha de transecção



## Is Partial-ALPPS Safer Than ALPPS? A Single-Center Experience

Henrik Petrowsky, MD, FACS,\* Georg Györi, MD,\* Michelle de Oliveira, MD, FACS,\* Mickaël Lesurtel, MD, PhD,\* and Pierre-Alain Clavien, MD, PhD, FACS†





## Is Partial-ALPPS Safer Than ALPPS? *A Single-Center Experience*

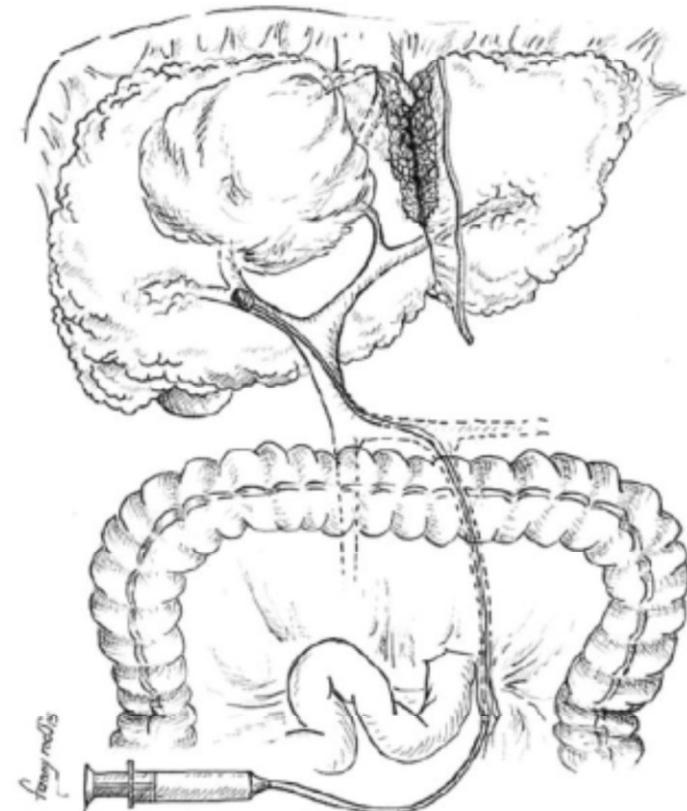
Henrik Petrowsky, MD, FACS,\* Georg Györi, MD,\* Michelle de Oliveira, MD, FACS,\* Mickaël Lesurtel, MD, PhD,\* and Pierre-Alain Clavien, MD, PhD, FACS†

	p-ALPPS	ALPPS
Hipertrofia	60 %	61%
Complicações severas	0 %	33 %
Mortalidade	0 %	22 %

HOW-I-DO-IT ARTICLES

## Inverting the ALPPS paradigm by minimizing first stage impact: the Mini-ALPPS technique

Eduardo de Santibañes<sup>1,2</sup> • Fernando A. Alvarez<sup>1</sup> • Victoria Ardiles<sup>1</sup> • Juan Pekolj<sup>1</sup> •  
Martin de Santibañes<sup>1</sup>



HOW-I-DO-IT ARTICLES

## Inverting the ALPPS paradigm by minimizing first stage impact: the Mini-ALPPS technique

Eduardo de Santibañes<sup>1,2</sup> • Fernando A. Alvarez<sup>1</sup> • Victoria Ardiles<sup>1</sup> • Juan Pekolj<sup>1</sup> •  
Martin de Santibañes<sup>1</sup>

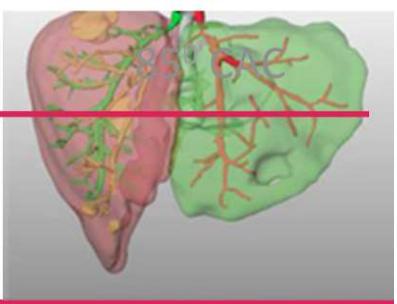
Table 1 Patients characteristics and volumetric data

Patient	Sex	Age	Diagnosis	Preop chemotherapy (cycles)	Hepatectomy type	FLR/TLV (%) pre	FLR pre (cc)	FLR post (cc)	Hypertrophy (%)	KGR (cc/day)	Interval (days) <sup>a</sup>
1	Female	66	HCC	–	RTS	40	510	778	52.5	26.8	10
2	Female	71	CRLM	FOLFOX (6)	RTS + FLR clean-up	23	235	420	78.7	12.3	15
3	Female	44	CRLM	FOLFOX + BEV (6)	RTS + FLR clean-up	27	300	427	70	9.8	13
4	Male	61	CRLM	FOLFOX (4)/FOLFIRI + BEV (3)	RH + FLR clean-up	28	530	792	49.4	43.6	6

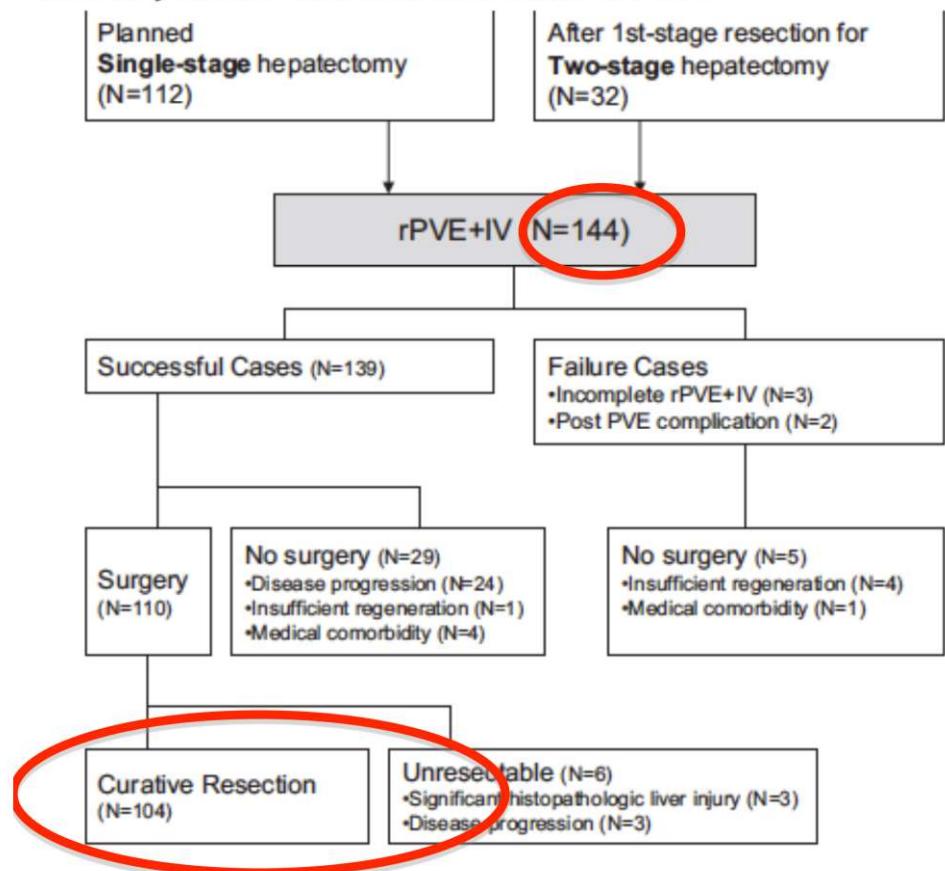
HCC hepatocellular carcinoma, CRLM colorectal liver metastases, BEV bevacizumab, RTS right trisectionectomy, RH right hepatectomy, FLR future liver remnant, KGR Kinetic growth rate

<sup>a</sup> Interval between the first stage and the last volumetric evaluation before the second stage

# Analysis of the Efficacy of Portal Vein Embolization for Patients with Extensive Liver Malignancy and Very Low Future Liver Remnant Volume, Including a Comparison with the Associating Liver Partition with Portal Vein Ligation for Staged Hepatectomy Approach



Junichi Shindoh, MD, PhD, Jean-Nicolas Vauthey, MD, FACS, Giuseppe Zimmitti, MD, Steven A Curley, MD, FACS, Steven Y Huang, MD, Armeen Mahvash, MD, Sanjay Gupta, MD, Michael J Wallace, MD, Thomas A Aloia, MD, FACS



77%

ALPPS \* 96%

- hipertrofia: 62% **89%**  
**ALPPS\***
- Morbilidad:  
total: 57% **ALPPS \***  
Mayor: 32.7% **30%**
- Mortalidad:  
global: 8.6% **ALPPS \***  
**6.6%**

Courtesy Dr. Eduardo de Santibanes  
(Buenos Aires – Argentina)

\* Experiencia Hospital  
italiano de Buenos Aires

## ALPES SUÍÇOS





# 12<sup>th</sup> Biennial E-AHPBA Congress 2017

European-African Hepato Pancreato Biliary Association

23 May – 26 May, 2017

Liver surgery: Clinical

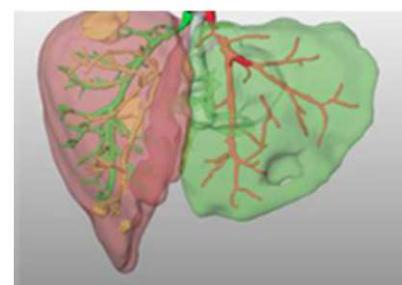
FP26.08

## Performance Validation of the ALPPS Risk Model

M. Linecker<sup>1</sup>, P. Kambakamba<sup>1</sup>, A. Schlegel<sup>2</sup>, P. Muiesan<sup>2</sup>, I. Capobianco<sup>3</sup>, S. Nadalin<sup>3</sup>, O. Torres<sup>4</sup>, A. Mehrabi<sup>5</sup>, G.A. Stavrou<sup>6, 7</sup>, K.J. Oldhafer<sup>6, 7</sup>, G. Lurje<sup>8</sup>, U. Neumann<sup>8</sup>, R. Robles-Campos<sup>9</sup>, R. Hernandez-Alejandro<sup>10, 11</sup>, M. Malago<sup>12</sup>, E. De Santibanes<sup>13</sup>, P.-A. Clavien<sup>1</sup>, H. Petrowsky<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University Hospital Zurich, Department of Surgery and Transplantation, Zurich, Switzerland, <sup>2</sup>University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust, Liver Unit, Queen Elizabeth Hospital Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom, <sup>3</sup>University Hospital Tübingen, Department for General, Visceral and Transplant Surgery, Tübingen, Germany, <sup>4</sup>Universidade Federal do Maranhão, Department of Surgery, São Luis-MA, Brazil, <sup>5</sup>University of Heidelberg, Department of General, Visceral, and Transplantation Surgery, Heidelberg, Germany, <sup>6</sup>Asklepios Hospital Barmbek, Department of General and Abdominal Surgery, Hamburg, Germany, <sup>7</sup>Semmelweis University Budapest, Campus Hamburg, Germany, <sup>8</sup>University Hospital Aachen, RWTH Aachen, Department of General, Visceral and Transplantation Surgery, Aachen, Germany, <sup>9</sup>Virgen de la Arrixaca Clinic and University Hospital, Department of Surgery and Liver and Pancreas Transplantation, Murcia, Spain, <sup>10</sup>London Health Sciences Centre, Department of Surgery, Division of HPB Surgery and Liver Transplantation, London, Ontario, Canada, <sup>11</sup>University of Rochester, Division of Transplantation, Hepatobiliary Surgery, Rochester, United States, <sup>12</sup>University College London, Royal Free Hospitals, Department of HPB- and Liver Transplantation Surgery, London, United Kingdom, <sup>13</sup>Italian Hospital Buenos Aires, Department of Surgery, Division of HPB Surgery, Liver Transplant Unit, Buenos Aires, Argentina

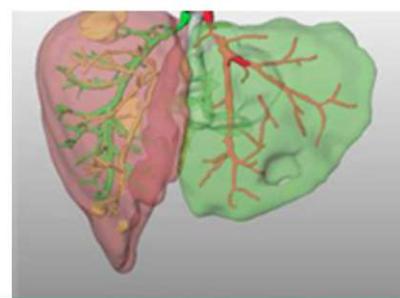
- Autores de 8 países (1 Brasileiro)
- Estratégia para tornar o procedimento mais seguro



**Table 2** Oncological results

	Oncological diagnosis	Disease-free survival or time to recurrence (months)	Site of recurrence	Current state
Case 1	MCRC	6	Lungs	Dead of disease after 2 years
Case 2	MCRC	26	No recurrence	Alive without disease
Case 3	iCCC	6	Lungs	Alive with disease after 25 months
Case 4	MCRC	9	Lungs (resected)	Alive without disease after 19 months
Case 5	MCRC	14	No recurrence	Alive without disease
Case 6	MCRC	6	Liver	Alive with disease after 12 months
Case 7	MCRC	6	Liver	Alive with disease after 7 months

0 % Mortalidade



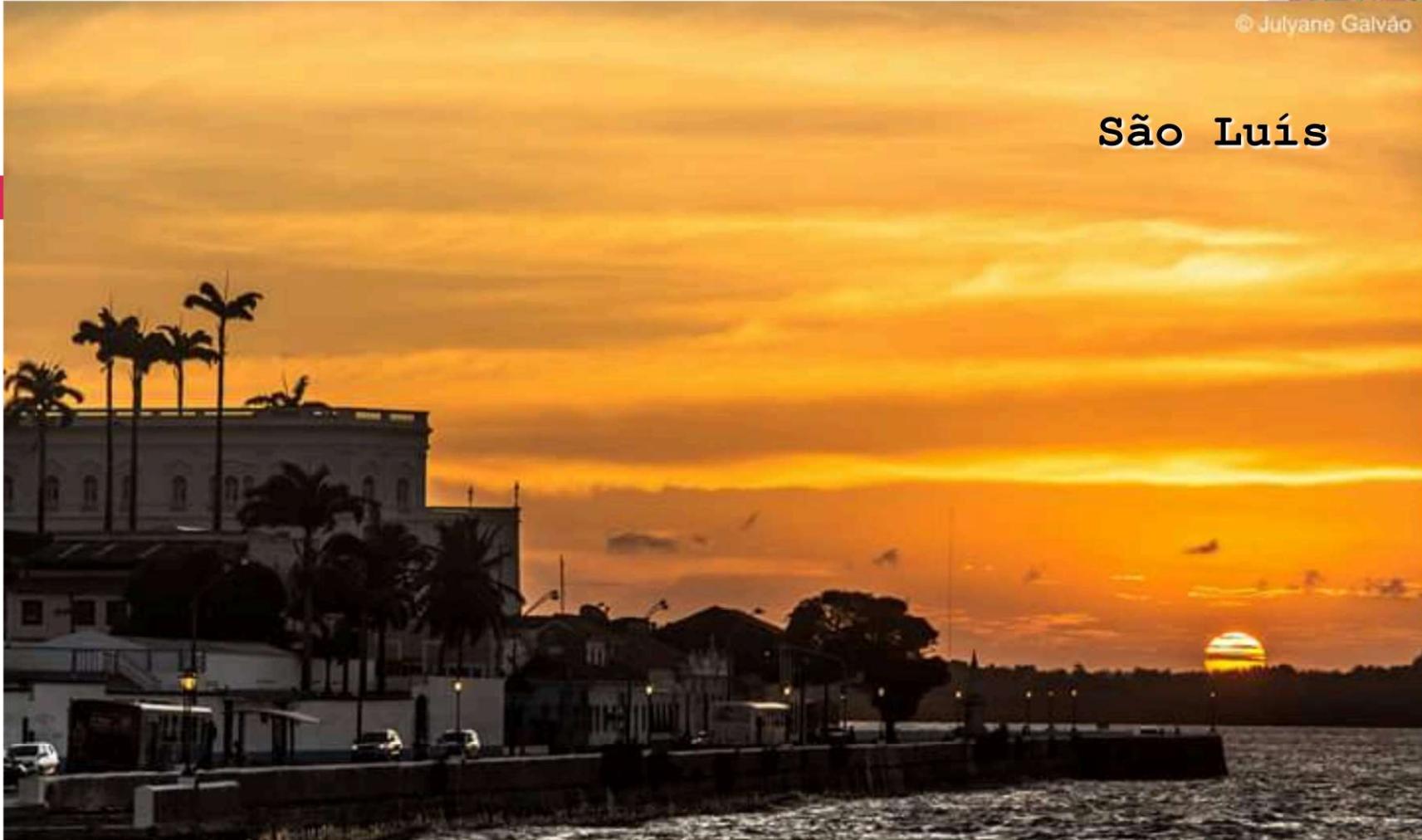
J Gastrointest Canc  
DOI 10.1007/s12029-015-9691-6

MGMT. OF COMPLEX CASES IN GI ONCOLOGY

## High Mortality Rates After ALPPS: the Devil Is the Indication

Paulo Herman · Jaime Arthur Pirola Krüger ·  
Marcos Vinícius Perini · Fabrício Ferreira Coelho ·  
Ivan Cecconello

São Luís



VIII CONGRESSO BRASILEIRO  
DE CIRURGIA DO FÍGADO,  
PÂNCREAS E VIAS BILIARES

7 a 9 de setembro de 2017  
Centro de Eventos do  
Hotel Plaza São Rafael  
Porto Alegre - RS

Obrigado !